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Mecca hotel fire kills three

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MECCA (A.P.) — Three persons have perished and many were seriously injured when fire engulfed a three-storey hotel near the Grand Mosque in this Muslim holy city, it was reported here Sunday. The English-language newspaper Saudi Gazette said that most of the casualties in the Bangladesh Hotel blaze were Bangladesh expatriates. The fire, believed to have been caused by an electrical short circuit in the hotel restaurant last Friday, also charred some adiacent buildings, witnesses rep-

Indian policeman runs amok, kills 11

NEW DELHI (Agencies) - A policeman ran amok with a rifle at a temple in Mandsaur in central India Saturday night, shooting 11 people dead and wounding another nine, the Press Trust of India news agency reported Sunday. Other policemen chased the constable -- who was posted at the Pashupatinath temple in Mandsaur town -- and shot him dead. the news agency said. One of the temple's priests was among the

Saudis move against traffic law violators

JEDDAH (R) - More than 600 motorists in Saudi Arabia have been arrested and detained in a crackdown on traffic code violators the Saudi daily Al Jazira reported Sunday. The paper quoted a traffic department official as saying the number of arrests. made between Wednesday and Friday last week, were the largest on record. The official said the arrested motorists would be sent for trial according to traffic code regulations, which call for a maximum 600 riyal (\$173) fine and three days in jail for parking in a prohibited area or violating traffic

Thousands protest against missile testing in Canada

NEW YORK (A.P.) - Thousands massed in almost every major north American City on Saturday, and small groups gathered outside Canadian consulates across the United States protesting cruise missile tests in Canada, About 3,500 protesters marched in downtown Toronto. burning a missile in effigy, while a "die-in" was staged in Montreal. In New York City, a car carried a model of a cruise missile bearing

Air Canada Boeing suffers fuel loss

GIMLI. Canada (A.P.) - An Air Canada jet carrying 61 passengers and a crew of eight lost fuel on a flight from Montreal to Edmonton Saturday night and made an emergency landing on an old military airstrip, an airline spokesman said Sunday. The Air Canada spokesman in Montreal said the aircraft. a Boeing 767, had "a serious fuel starvation problem" which caused a loss of engine power. The passengers exited the aircraft on emergency chutes after the plane skidded to a halt on the airstrip. now used for auto racing. Officials said two people were taken to Gimli hospital with slight injuries.

INSIDE

- Moroccan forces repulse Polisario attack,
- incentives for Balqa region, page 3
- Carniverous dinosaur's skeleton found in Eng-
- land, page 5 Czechoslovakia wins
- Federation Cup, page 6 Overall Middle East investments in U.S. dec-
- ayed, page 8

Four reported killed

Fateh rivals clash again

BEIRUT (R) — Rival Palestinian guerrilla factions battled each other with artillery and heavy weapons for more than four hours in eastern Lebanon Sunday in the worst flareup since a ceasefire three weeks ago.

Correspondents who witnessed the clash said rebels opposed to Yasser Arafat, leader of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), launched a thrust against loyalist positions in the Bekaa Valley town of Ta anayel.

Lebanese security officials put the death toll at four, with an und-

etermined number of wounded. A PLO communique issued in Tripoli, Mr. Arafat's main power base in Lebanon, said two loyalists were killed and five injured in Sunday's exchanges and in a smaller clash Saturday.

The fighting indicated that recent changes in the guerrilla command of Mr. Arafat's own Fatch guerrilla group -- widely seen as concessions to the rebels -- had failed to heal the rift between the PLO leader and his hardline opp-

Six PLO mediators helped work out a ceasefire on July 4 after nearly two months of sporadic clashes in the Bekaa.

PLO sources last week said two top commanders in Lebanon, Hajj Ismail and Abu Hajem, whose appointment by Mr. Arafat sparked the revolt in May, had been removed from their posts.

A rebel spokesman in Damascus accused the Arafat men of starting the fighting. He said reports in Beirut of the clash were exaggerated, but declined to give

The PLO communique said the fighting ended with an undeclared

A reporter for state-run Beirut Radio said the rebels seized a loyalist base in a building known as the Abu Khater Mansion and a supply depot, but the com-

munique denied this. In earlier rounds of inter-Palestinian fighting, Mr. Arafat's men have been driven from their bases near the Syrian border, and loyalists have frequently expressed fears that the rebels might move against their remaining positions in the Bekaa.

A correspondent who watched the fighting said Syrian troops. who control the area, took no part in the clash. A Syrian armoured troop carrier picked up Syrian soldiers and took them about one kilometre away to safety, he said.

Mr. Arafat's military deputy Khalil Al Wazir, popularly known as Abu Jihad, said the fighting damaged the Palestinian cause as

"Our Palestinian people everywhere... are sad because (rebel leader) Abu Musa's group, which is supported by our Syrian brothers and the Libyans, is going on with a policy to destroy the PLO."

Speaking to a television interviewer, he said he was working to extend the ceasefire when Saturday's attacks were launched by the rebels.

After talking by military tel-ephone to a local Fateh comthat the fighting had ended.



TIGHT WATCH ON ARABS: An Israeli soldier keeps watch on Palestinians in the occupied West Bank town of Hebron Sunday as Israeli leftists

staged a demonstration in protest against Jewish settlements there (story on page 2)

Refugee leaders pledge support for PLO leader

By Afifah A. Kaloti

AMMAN - Palestinian refugee leaders have accused Syria and Libya of fomenting the rebellion in Fateh after Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) - Jordan talks were about to produce agreement on joint political action on the Palestinian problem.

At a meeting with reporters at the Beqa'a refugee camp Sunday. 16 Palestinian representatives said that the rebels were "incited to carry out their plans by the Syrian and Libyan regimes.

They voiced their support for a

closer Jordanian-Palestinian relationship and demanded that Syria and Libya" keep their hands off the PLO and stop meddling in the internal affairs of the organisation.

ceasefire at about 3 p.m. (1300) Shioura. Abu Jihad confirmed fighters and undermining the olution." the Palestinian repunity among their groups." they resentatives said.

They supported Yasser Arafat as the legitimate PLO leader and emphasised that the organisation

Mr. Arafat, they said is "the architect of the Palestinian revolution" and therefore "we do not wish to have a replacement for

The present rift, they added, is not in the interest of the Palestinians and "we call on Arab countries to heel it.'

They declared that they have faith in the PLO's infrastructure and its democratic system.

The refugee representatives also said that "it is true that some mistakes happen from time to time but this can be handled within the framework of the PLO." "We are truly committed to the

"The Syrian interference in cre- PLO's legitimate leadership and

Cheysson discuss can only have "one spinal cord." Lebanon

Arafat,

Relations Minister Claude Cheysson discussed the dangers of partition in Lebanon at a meeting with Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat here Sunday, Palestinian sources said.

Vir. Cheysson, who made a surprise 24-hour visit to Tunisia, conferred with the chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) for 90 minutes.

later that Mr. Cheysson and Mr. Arafat exchanged views on Middle East issues -- especially the

itions more favourable to the Palestinian cause.

nce informed on latest developments and do not herald a French mediation bid to solve Svrian-Palestinian differences. diplomatic sources here said.

The meeting took place at the residence of the PLO representative in Tunisia, Hakam Belaoui, at a La Marsa, near Tunis. PLO sources said. Mr. Cheysson also met Tun-

isian Foreign Minister Beji Caid Essebsi Sunday morning. They reviewed international

elopments in the Middle East, the Tunisian news agency TAP said. Mr. Cheysson is also due to meet Arab League Secretary-

General Chadli Klibi who is going to Damascus on a mediation mission as a member of the Arab conciliation committee. The committee, set up by an

Arab summit in 1980 to help solve differences within the Arab World, also includes the foreign ministers of Saudi Arabia and Algeria.

his time in Tunis since being expelled from Syria a month ago.

continuing battle BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq said tured," the communique added. Sunday fierce fighting was con-tinuing with Iranian forces in the Haj Omran area on the northern front of the Gulf war. Iraqi casualties.

Baghdad reports

The fighting follows an Iranian

offensive Saturday into the Kurdish mountains of northern Iraq. producing the heaviest fighting of the Gulf war since an Iranian offensive further south in April.

A military communique issued in Baghdad said Iraqi jets and helicopter gunships had carried out 273 combat missions against Iranian units in the Haj Omran area. and against other targets inside Iranian territory.

The Iraqi communique said its forces had rerushed and destroyed enemy attacks" in the area. where Tehran earlier claimed it had captured a military base six kilometres inside Iraq.

"Our forces are still engaged in fierce clashes with enemy units. which suffered very heavy losses in men and equipment." the

communique said. "Our brave units launched successful attacks on enemy units in the same area, killing more than 800 Iranian troops, whose corpses were counted in front of one of our

The Iraqi forces killed 600 Iranians Saturday but the communique made no mention of

The fighting is taking place along a road running from the Iranian border town of Piranshahr westward across a mountain pass to the town of Rawandiz in Iraq.

The rugged area, with peaks rising 3,000 metres, is the homeland of Kurdish tribal groups who have opposed both the Tehran and Baghdad government in the past.

The fighting was the heaviest in the 34-month-old Gult war since April, when Iran launched an unsuccessful ottensive in the southern Misan sector of the battlefront. An Iraqi spokesman said three Iranian intantry battalions, a mechanised battalion and two com-

mando battalions had been wiped

Huge quantities of weapons and ammunition were also destroyed. he said.

In previous Iranian ottensives. Iraqi tactics have been to allow the thrusts to peak and then launch counter-attacks, heavily dependent on air power.

Saudi Arabia, India voice concern wounded and a number cap- over Gulf war, page 2

Saddam Hussein's mother dies

BAGHDAD (R) - The mother of President Saddam Hussein has sons are Barazan Ibrahim Al Tikdied and was being buried Sunday at Tikrit, north of Baghdad, the presidential office announced.

The announcement did not give a cause of death for Sabha Talfah. who was believed to be in her mid-60s. It described her as "the mother of the strugglers" in reference to her sons who were early members of the Arab Baath Soc-

Besides the president, her other riti, chief of Iraqi intelligence. Watban Ibrahim, director-general of the vice-chairman's office of the Revolutionary Command Couneil, and Saba'awi Ibrahim, a member of Iraq's National Assembly.

She was also aunt of General Adnan Khairallah, deputy commander-in-chief of the Iraqi ialist Party, now the ruling party in armed forces and defence min-

Shamir, Arens to visit U.S. for Lebanon talks

Minister Moshe Arens and Forleave for Washington Monday, a condition Syria also agreed to cabinet spokesman said.

The U.S. president's request followed Prime Minister Menfor personal reasons.

Israel's plans for a partial pullback of its forces in Lebanon, anon over the past few days on which Washington fears will create serious security problems for the Beirut government, were expected to be the chief topic at Mr. Reagan's meeting with the Israeli ministers.

Cabinet Secretary Dan Meridor said they would make it clear the recent flare-up in fighting in Lebanon would not deter Israel from pulling its troops back to a new *defence line" in South Lebanon.

Mr. Meridor said Mr. Begin had received a letter Sunday from Mr. Reagan asking him to send the two ministers and officially informing Israel of Robert MacFarlane's appointment as special U.S. Middle East envoy.

Mr. Begin's postponement of the meeting with Mr. Reagan has intensified speculation about his

"The Americans are reassessing been given a chance to take part in | Ramadan.

TEL AVIV (R) - President Reathese discussions," a senior Israeli gan has invited Israeli Defence official told correspondents. Israel signed an agreement with

eign Minister Yitzhak Shamir for Lebanon in May to withdraw its talks on Lebanon and they will estimated 25,000 troops, but on leave Lebanon. The official said the ministers

would raise Damascus's conachem Begin's postponement of tinuing refusal to withdraw and talks with Mr. Reagan this week discuss ways of getting Syrian troops out of Lebanon. He blamed fresh clashes in Leb-

> Syria: "Violence is the way the Syrians express their intentions and their power in Lebanon."
> He said Israeli forces were trying their best to stop the fighting

> between Druze and rightists in the Shouf area but Israel could not hope to solve the conflict. He rejected charges by Israeli

> Druze leaders that Israel had allowed Lebanese rightist Falange forces to enter the Shout area after Israel occupied it last summer.

Cairo resumes trial of rebels

CAIRO (A.P.) - The trial of 300 Muslim extremists charged with attempting to overthrow the government resumed Sunday tollowing a one month recess bectheir Lebanon policy and we have | ause of the Muslim holy month of

Syria backs new Lebanese front

reiterated opposition to the Lebanese-Israeli troop agrement.

Mr. Khaddam was asked by reporters after a meeting with Kuwaiti Emir Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah Syria's attitude

Lebanese working to rescue Leband the factional Falangist con- Saudi Press Agency reported.

trol," he said. He added that Syria's rejection of the Lebanese-Israeli troop withdrawal agreement was "a principal clear and firm." During his meeting with the

emir, Mr. Khaddam delivered a message from President Hafez Al Assad dealing with the situation in Lebanon and Syria's position regarding recent developments in the Middle East, officials said.

The Syrian foreign minister later flew to Jeddah, where he was delivering a similar message to Saudi King Fahd.

during his meeting with Mr. Khaddam. They also discussed bilateral relations and the current

and the second s

ection towards the liberation of Lebanon from the Israeli occupation and the achievement of national accord." it said in a pol-"Such a front will open new horizons of struggle to the front's gro-

the battle of confrontation against ces which are trying to destroy Lebanon and partition it."

ted States or Israel.

gr pr

- IDB announces credit
- U.S. demands arms limitation on differential
- basis, page 4
- line, page 7 Salvador elections del-

they say.

The rebellion among fighters of the Fateh commando movement. the biggest under the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). which erupted in May seems to have led into a deep split in the organisation, observers and the

By Lamis K. Andoni in Tripoli

fighters themselves say. The revolt, which surfaced after protests from some of the Fateh leaders, stationed along with the PLO forces in north Lebanon. against key appointments by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, later developed into violent clashes between fighters who supported

Mr. Arafat and those who opposed him. în north Lebanon today, a de facto division within Fateh ranks is clearly visible and some of the pro-Arafat fighters say chances of

a reconciliation are slim.

"We were all hoping that the differences would be resolved through democratic dialogue, but things took a turn to the worse when (rebel leader Colonel) Abu Musa's forces, together with fighters from the PFLP-GC (Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-General Command, led by Ahmad Jibrill, attacked our positions," says an Arafat loyalist stationed in Ta'anayel, near the

Lebanese-Syrian border. A number of other pro-Arafat fighters agree with him and say they used to visit the rebel camps freely before the violent clashes erupted in mid-June.

For the Fateh fighters who did not join the rebellion there was always hope that it could be resolved through free dialogue. While they supported the rebel demands for reform in the organisation,--stepping up armed struggle against Israel and totally denouncing any peace initiative which would recognise the Jewish state and change in the "mod-Arafat-the eruption of violent ome survival of the movement."

clashes took them by surprise. he said.

They accuse "certain Arab countries and unpopular elements in the Palestinian revolution itself' for the worsening situation in north Lebanon, where the PLO forces are deployed alongwith Syr-

ian forces, facing Israeli forces. The reference to "certain Arab countries," points to Syria which expelled Mr. Arafat after he accused the government of President Hafez Al Assad of supporting the rebellion, and Libya, which backs the PFLP-GC, and is accused of openly launching attacks against

NEWS ANALYSIS

anon's Bekaa Valley. "Hopes for a peaceful reconciliation were shattered when the role of certain Arab regimes and the presence of certain unpopular elements in the revolution itself became evident," a pro-

Arafat Fateh commando said.

He pointed out that the rebels have lost the sympathy they enjoyed because of their attacks on pro-Arafat positions. "We would all have rallied round Abu Musa in his calls for reforms if the reformist movement resorted to peaceful means and did not overstep the organisation's framework, allowing itself to be turned into a tool in the hands of certain Arab reg-

imes." he said. "When the rebels resorted to violent means, the issue of reform in the organisation was pushed aside and the priority was to defend the independence of Palestinian decision-making," said Bilal, a pro-Arafat commando. who has taken part in many military operations against the Israeli occupation authorities inside the West Bank and Gaza Strip. "The erate" policies pursued by Mr. main issue at the moment has bec-

Deep division visible among Palestinian

ranks in north Lebanon, observers say

"We are afraid that the wrong tactics by the rebels and their alliance with Syria. Libya and the PFLP-GC would eventually abort the reformist demands." he added

Leadership blamed

Some of the fighters who have joined the rebel movement also sounded sceptical of the eventual form of the rebellion. Although they agree that the tactics used by the rebels are wrong, they blame the Fatch leadership for what they Arafat loyalist positions in Lebdescribe as a "compulsory deviation of the reformist mov-

> A young commando, who enjoys good reputation among fighters from both sides and who has joined the dissidents says that from the very beginning the Fateh leadership did not intend to meet the demands of the rebels. He insisted that the violent turn in the rebellion was essentially instigated by "external forces." taking advantage of the Fateh lea-

> dership's stand. "The obstinate position of the leaders and their continuous denial of mistakes have pushed the reformists to adopt these wrong tactics," the young commando

> He accused the Fateh leadership of "pushing the rebels into the laps of the Syrians" and to cooperate with the PFLP-GC. The commando, who occupies a senior position in the movement. but who asked not to be identified, said that these "mistakes should not overshadow the essence of the reformist movement." However, he agrees that the mutiny has lost its popular support, especially in the Bekaa and Palestinian refugee camps in north Lebanon.

The decline in support of the

rebellion, however, contrasts with

an increasing support for the ref-

group submitted at the beginning

One of the reasons which led to the decline in the support for the rebels is the Syrian expulsion of Mr. Arafat in June. The rebels say that the PLO leader has used it as an "effective" tool in his "war"

against the rebels. PFLP-GC 'intimidation'

The PFLP-GC's intimidation of civilians is another major factor that worked against the interests of the movement. Civilians who live in Ta'anayel. Abouds Farm. Bar Elias and Anjar, all villages in the Bekaa Valley, often complain of being harassed and threatened by fighters belonging to the PFLP-GC. A young Lebanese woman said PFLP-GC men have warned her and her husband aga-

inst helping and even talking to

Arafat loyalists. A young bedouin who lives near Abouds Farm said he was stopped at a PFLP-GC roadblock and was interrogated. He was asked whether he was a pro-Arafat Fateh member. "They threatened to kill me and persuaded me to cooperate with them in monitoring the movements of the loyalist forces. Such acts threaten to undermine relations between Palestinian commandos and civ-

The civilians have expressed intolerance with the violent clashes which they describe as "clashes among brothers". However, their anger is directed mainly against Abu Musa's group and the PFLP-GC.

ilians," he said.

favour the Israelis." "It is diverting attention from the key issue, the fight for our homeland. But, we will not allow the rift to paralyse the resistance ormist demands the Abu Musa against Israel," they declare.

Yet, some of the fighters remind

themselves bitterly. "differences

among the Palestinian fighters

units, besides large numbers of TUNIS (R) — French External

The head of the PLO's Political Department, Farouk Kaddoumi. attended the meeting and said

situation in Lebanon. He said dangers of Lebanon's partition were at the centre of the discussions, which also dealt with the part France could play in trying to convince its European Community partners to take pos-

Mr. Cheysson's talks with Mr. Arafat are aimed at keeping Fra-

issues, particularly the latest dev-

Mr. Arafat, who has spent half

KUWAIT (R) — Syria's Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam Sunday indicated Syrian support for the newly established Lebanese national salvation front and

Lebanon's Druze leader Walid Junblatt Saturday announced formation of the front grouping senior politicians opposed to the government of President Amin Gemayel.

towards the front. "Syria will offer support to any.

In Jeddah, King Fahd received the message from President Assad

In Damascus, meanwhile. Syria's state radio said the formation of the salvation front in Lebanon was a step in the right direction. Syria considers the formation

of this front a step in the right dir-

itical commentary. ups and to the Lebanese people in the conspiring and intriguing for-

The commentary added that Lebanon's future was determined anon from the Israeli occupation situation in the Arab World, the by its own people, not in the Uni-

Morocco reports withstanding massive Polisario Front attack

M'SIED, Southern Morocco (R) — The Western Saharan desert near this fortified village shook with explosions Saturday as Polisario Front guerrillas mounted a barrage of heavy weapons fire at Moroccan lines on the 13th day of a major attack against government forces.

But the guerrillas, who have been fighting against Moroccan administration of the former Spanish colony for more than seven years. had failed to breach Moroccan defence lines. Moroccan officers said. Col. Mohamad Bennani. the officer in charge of the southern

command, said Morocco's losses in the first three days of the attack -- the first on this scale for more than a year -- were 18 killed and 70 wounded. One Moroccan was killed and eight wounded Friday. he

"Never before has such intense firing been experienced in the war", Col. Bennani told a party of reporters brought to the area 550 kilometres south of the tourist centre of Marrakech. The Polisario used 10 batteries of Soviet-made 122 mm rockets

fired in quick salvoes, he said, adding: "this is colossal". The reporters, accompanied by Minister of State Gen. Moulay

Hafid Alaoui, were shown the wrecks of a Czechoslovak-made T-55 tank, a Soviet-made armoured personnel carrier BTR-76. Spanish-made Land Rovers and numerous Kalashnikov assault rif-

Col. Bennani said the wrecks had been retrieved by night, outside the Moroccan defence perimeter, to show evidence of the Polisario's

He said a total of 24 armoured Polisario vehicles. 10 jeeps and more than 50 vehicles of all kinds had been destroyed since July 10. The 50 vehicles as well as two artillery batteries were hit by the Moroccan air force during raids on Polisario supply lines. But the air force is used cautiously. he said, because the Polisario is known to have SAM-6 ground-to-air missiles.

He declined to assess Polisario losses but said Moroccan troops had buried the remains of more than 50 guerrillas.

Col. Bennani took over command of the 80,000 Moroccan troops in the south after the death of Gen. Ahmad Dlimi in a road accident. He said the fighting was mostly in the form of artillery duels and the Polisario never came closer than two kilometres from the Moroccan defences.

The attack followed a call last month by the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) for Morocco and the Polisario to open direct contacts in view of a self-determination referendum to be held in

Gen. Alaoui. a minister considered as close to King Hassan, said the Polisario. backed by Algeria and Libya. existed only because it had bases and enjoyed sanctuary in neighbouring countries.

Libva attacks

Libya's security and territorial integrity, the Ethiopian News

Agency (ENA) reported Sunday.

ENA quoted a spokesman at

the Libyan People's Bureau

(embassy) here as saying Chad's

President Hissene Habre and his

supporters were "carrying out a

plan of aggression contrived by

imperialists and Zionists against

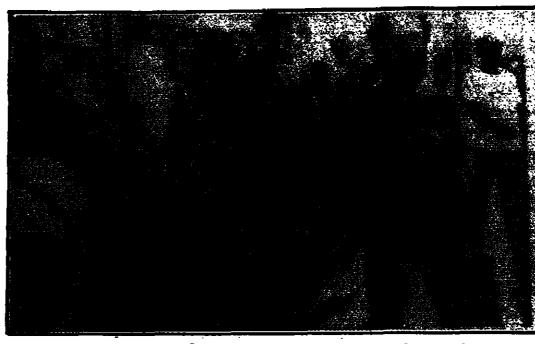
The spokesman's statement

accused the Habre government of

falsely blaming Libya for what in

reality was "mounting national

the Ethiopian people."



The Israeli "Peace Now" movement Sunday stages a protest against Jewish settlements in the occupied West Bank town of Hebron (A.P. wirephoto)

Israelis protest against Hebron settlements

TEL AVIV (R) - Several thousand Israelis joined a leftist "peace now" demonstration in Hebron in the occupied West Bank Saturday to protest against Jewish settlement inside the ancient town.

town centre after a Jewish seminary student was stabbed to death 10 days earlier. The army had declared the town closed to non-residents to prevent the demonstration, but later relented.

Troops Friday lifted a curfew imposed on the

Battles rage on Kurdistan mountains

By Paul Eedle

TEHRAN (R) - The latest fighting in the Gulf war has erupted in the rugged mountains of Kurdistan, the home of tribal bands which have been fighting for their autonomy for many years.

Iran said a main aim of its thrust into Iraq, west of the border town of Piranshahr, was to stop supplies from Iraq reaching Kurdish rebels in Iran.

But the mountains, more than 3.000 metres high, and a lack of proper roads make conventional warfare difficult.

Iran said it concentrated its attacks around the only main road crossing the northern border, the highway from Piranshahr through a mountain pass to Rawandiz, in

It said its troops captured King Mountain, a 2.600 metre peak commanding the road.

Iran has taken a series of actions this year against Kurdish rebels on . ntains. its own side of the border.

Some of Iran's three million Kurds, notably the Kurdish Dem-sident Saddam Hussein moved

1979 Iranian revolution to reassert their influence in the mountain region. The new Islamic leaders in Teh-

octatic Party and the leftist Kom-

eleh group, took advantage of the

ran showed as little sympathy for the rebels as their predecessor, the late Shah. and began campaigns to re-establish control over the area. Tehran newspapers carry fre-

quent reports of iranian government operations to clear rebels out of isolated villages in the area or to restore government control of main exads.

The Iraqi government also has a long history of trouble with groups among its 2.5 million Kurds and has accused both the past and the present Iranian governments of

aiding the rebels. A treaty between Iran and Iraq in 1975 ended the Shah's support for the Kurdish rebels and Baghdad was able to restore a measure of control to the mou-

But when the Gulf War erupted in 1980, diplomats said Iraqi Pre-

troops from peace-keeping in Kurdistan to the battle fronts against Iran farther south, and Kurdish groups took advantage of this to reassert their power.

While many Kurds have fought the Iranian and Iraqi governments, they have also regularly fought each other, and diplomats said there were also groups of Kurds in both countries that supported their governments.

Iranian reports of anti-rebel operations frequently refer to Kurdish units fighting alongside government forces.

Western diplomats said one Iraqi Kurdish group recently entered a pact with the authorities in Baghdad.

An Iraqi military communique issued in Baghdad Saturday said "the heroes of Iraq, from Arabs and Kurds, have fought bravely defending the dear homeland...."

The communique, "quoted by the official Iraqi news agency INA, also said that "saboteur agents". an Iraqi codename for Kurdish rebels, had joined Iranian

Middle East reaction on Habib muted

BAHRAIN (R) - President Reagan's replacement of veteran diplomat Philip Habib as special U.S. envoy to the Middle East has met muted official response in the Middle East and Arab com-. mentators said the move would make little difference.

The appointment to the position of Robert MacFarlane, deputy national security affairs adviser, coincided with the visit of Lebanese President Amin Gemrayel to Washington and was widely regarded as an attempt to nudge Syria into agreeing to a deal to get all foreign forces out of

Diplomats in Syria, which had refused to receive Mr. Habib in Damascus, said the move might help to smooth U.S. relations with the government there. But Damascus has remained silent.

The most positive Arab response to the move came from Bahrain, whose leader Sheikh Isa Bin Salman Al-Khalifa had just completed a four-day official visit to Washington.

Foreign Minister Sheikh Mohammad Bin Mubarak Al-Khalifa was quoted from London by the Bahrain-based Gulf news agency as saying the move was "a positive and constructive step".

A Jordanian daily newspaper said Mr. MacFaralane's appointment signalled no change in American policy.

"The two envoys are like the two faces of a coin." the Arabic language Al Ra'i said. It was wtong to assume that it heralded as victory for Syria or the Arabs, it

But in Beirut, the pro-Syrian newspaper Al-Sharq said Mr. Habib's departure showed the failure of U.S. policy in the region and the potential power of the Arab World." Syria brought down the head of Habib," it said. The independent An-Nahar.

however, commented "while, Lebanon is counting its own victims, Philip Habib has become one of the new victims -- one who has been sacrificed to please Syria."

Newspapers in Cairo published news of the new envoy's appointment without comment.

In its Sunday edition, the semiofficial newspaper Al-Ahram quoted foreign ministry sources as saying Washington's assurances that its Middle East policies would troops in the cross-border thrust. not be changed "was far more important than a change of per-

Qadhafi in Algiers Israel expressed regret at Mr. Habib's departure, although its leaders were known to be impatient and disappointed with him after his failure to win agreement from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Syria to withdraw their forces from Leb-

Speoksman Uri Porat said Prime Minister Menachem Begin met Mr. MacFarlane when the akchott after a two-day visit to j U.S. official went to occupied Jerusalem in 1981, after Israel bom-

> "He was very successful. The prime minister was very impressed by him." he said.

Chadian army poised to attack rebel leader's northern stronghold

N'DJAMENA (R) - Chad government forces are poised for an attempt to recapture the northern oasis town of Faya-Largeau, taken by Libyan-backed rebels exactly a month ago, military sources said.

Following an initially successful rebel push southwards, troops loyal to pro-Western President Hissene Habre have reconquered most of eastern Chad and are preparing for the assault on Faya-Largeau, the sources said. The town, nearly 1,000 kil-

ometres north of N'djamena, has been former President Goukouni Oueddei's headquarters since his Libyan-equipped forces captured

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R)

- Prime Minister Menachem

Begin, whose health has become a

centre of concern and speculation.

spent a quiet 70th birthday at

home Saturday in the company of

The lack of fanfare was due in

part to Mr. Begin's year-long

mourning for his wife Aliza, who

died last November, and to his

general reclusiveness during the

Mr. Begin's personal secretary.

Yehiel Kadishai, told army radio

that "the premier has certainly

known better days. The past year

Last Tuesday Mr. Begin pos-

tooned a visit to Washington sch-

eduled for this week, citing per-

sonal reasons. Opposition pol-

iticians and Israeli newspapers

clamoured for a detailed exp-

Yosef Harif, political columnist

of the Maariv newspaper, quoted

has filled him with grief".

past few months.

his family and close associates.

The sources said that despite an enormous quantity of military supplies received from France, the government troops face a tough battle for Fava-Largeau. Following their setbacks in the

east, the insurgents have considerably strengthened their defences at the oasis, according to a government military commander. Maj. Ganbang Zamtato told Chad Radio that the rebel garrison had ground-to-ground missiles and more than 100 vehicles equipped with 106-mm and 108-mm guns.

Faya-Largeau is close to the

Mr. Begin as saying he did not feel

he could. "in the present cir-

cumstances, carry out the mission

perfectly, as I am accustomed to

do and as I want and know it sho-

Mr. Begin's "gloomy appearance"

quent. combative oratory any not-

But he has recently made few

ritual decline over the past weeks

American media would dwell

Mr. Harif cited what he called

uld be done."

political issues.

ions of weakness.

Habre policy ADDIS ABABA (R) - A Libyan spokesman here has condemned it after a 48-hour siege on June 24. Libyan border and easy to resforeign intervention in Chad, sayupply with men and arms, he said. ing it was aimed at undermining

> mopping-up operations in the Fada area, south of Faya-Largeau. Chadian journalists returning from the north-east said 50 insurgents had gone over to the government side on Thursday, taking their weapons and 10 military veh-

The military sources said gov-

ernment forces were completing

They were survivors from the battle for Biltine. retaken by govemment troops 10 days ago, who had found themselves cut off fol-

resistance. According to ENA, the spo-kesman said Libya would not Begin marks gloomy birthday remain indifferent "and it reserves the right to take any measures to

> osition charges that he was not and said the prime minister feared functioning properly. But he larer jokingly

Mr. Begin, despite his frail physique and having suffered two heart attacks, a mild stroke and a broken hip, was known for his ability to easily dispel with his elo-

public appearances and when he has spoken in parliament his replies have been brief and uni-"You don't have to be a doctor or a psychologist to discern the long as Israeli troops are in Lebprime minister's physical and spianon, the prime minister is det-

ermined to stay in office.

and mouths." wrote Yoel Marcus of the Haaretz newspaper, a fre-

quent critic of Mr. Begin. Last week an uncharacteristic Begin made a brief appeal in parliament for national unity rather than defend himself against opp-

his personal health rather than on colleague: "How do I look? Dead or alive?"

When first elected six years ago Mr. Begin said he would step down at 70 to devote himself to writing his memoirs and a history of the modern Jewish people. In 1981 he noted that his 70th

birthday would fall in the middle of his second term, but said if requested by his party. he would quit. No members of his Herut (freedom) movement have suggested he step down, and Mr. Begin's aides reiterated Saturday that as

counter this plan in order to safeguard Libyan security and territorial integrity." Kuwaiti army

chief ends

Sofia visit

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait's army general chief of staff. Maj.-Gen. Abdullah Farrag Al-Ghanim, returned home Saturday after an official five-day visit to Bulgaria.

He told reporters on arrival his talks covered Middle East problems as well as bilateral cooperation, especially in the military

Official sources said senior Bulgarian military staff are expected to visit Kuwait soon for talks on ways of boosting bilateral cooperation in military matters.

Saudi Arabia, India voice concern over Gulf fighting

BAHRAIN (R) - Saudi Arabia and India have voiced concern over continuation of the Iraq-Iran war, stressing efforts should continue to end hostilities, India's KUWAIT (R) - Syria's Deputy Deputy Foreign Minister Romesh Bhandari said.

He told Reuters in a telephone interview the views were expressed during a meeting in Jeddah. the emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber with Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Ai-Faisal.

Mr. Bhandari said he handed Prince Saud a message to King Fahd from Mrs. Gandhi dealing with the Middle East situation.

Moscow (SU)

.. Cziro (EA) ... Cairo (RJ)

. Jeddah (RJ)

......... Kuwait (KAC) Medina, Jeddah (SV)

...... Baghdad (RJ) . Dubai. Abu Dhabi (RJ)

... 82.7/

MONEY EXCHANGE

French Hant 456.7/ 465
Italian life (for 100) 23.7/ 23.9
Japanese yen (for 100) 151.3/ 152.2
Kuwani dinar 1239.3/ 1243.7

..... Baghdad (RJ) Kuwait (KAC)

Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Abdel-Halem Khaddam arrived here Sunday with a message from President Hafez Al-Assad to Al-Ahmed Al-Sabah, Syrian officials said.

PARIS (R) — Libyan leader

Muammar Qadhafi arrived in Algeria Sunday for a "working visit," the Algerian news agency APS said.

said the Libyan leader was wel-President Chadli Benjedid.

wants to participate in efforts to build a united Maghreb (North Africa) including Tunisia, Algeria and Morocco.

bed Iraq's nuclear reactor.

Al Jala pharmacy

Ambassador taxi

Overseas calls

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

..... Koran ... Cartoons . Children's Programme Linte House Programmes review 18:10 19:05 19:15 .. Local Programme 28:00 20:39 21:40 Arabic Programme Arabic Varicties .. News in Arabic FOREIGN CHANNEL

..... French Programme

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz. FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW . Morning Show . News Summary Pop Session .. News Summary 13:03 14:10

..... Pop Sessida .. News Bulletin Over a Cup of Tea **News Summary** . Instrumentals. Old Favourites Jordan in History News Summary Sports Round-up Doctor at Large
...... Newsdesk 19:00 . Date with a Star .. Evening Show News Summary

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1413 KHz

96:90 Newsdesk 96:39 Wimbledon

Report 96:45 Letter from London 96:55

Reflections 67:00 World News 67:09
Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
07:30 The Golden Age of Opertta 07:45
Science Through the Looking Glass
68:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Baker's Half
Dozen 09:00 World News 09:09
Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
08:10 Command Sections 108:15 09:30 Command Performance 09:50 Record of the Week 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Peebles' Choice 10:30 Anything Goes 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 Wav-eguide 11:25 Good Books 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Music Now 12:15 Wim-Ahead 11:45 Music Now 12:15 Wimbledon Report 12:30 Europe's Untidy Peace 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 The Classic Albums 13:30 Pleasures 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Animal, Vegetable or Mineral? 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 15:30 Country Style 15:45 The Ten Commandments 16:15 Rivers of the World 16:30 John Peel 17:80 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 13:09 Commentary 18:15 Music in the Family 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 My Music 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 A decade of Rev-Newsreel 29:30 A decade of Rev-clutions 21:99 Outlook 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Peebles' Choice 22:90 World News 22:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary 22:30 Sporting International 23:00 Network U.K. 23:15 Wimbledon Report 23:30 Europe's United Peace 24:90 World News 98:69
The World Today 68:25 Book Choice 68:30 Interlude 68:46 Reflections 98:45 Sports Round-up 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15 Classical Record Review 01:30 Animal, Vegetable or

VOICE OF AMERICA 1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 KHz

ormal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answith reature Reports, interviews, Austreen to Listener's Questions. Science Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 Magazine Show 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 New Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Magazine Show 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 28:10 Newsline 20:30 Now Music USA 21:00 Newsline 21:30 Dateline/Focus 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 VOA World Report

WHAT'S GOING ON

TODAY'S EVENTS

FILM

"Northern Lights" at the American

CULTURAL CENTRES Royal Cultural Centre . Tel. 661026/7

American Centre 14371
American Centre 14520
British Council 36147-8
French Cultural Centre 37189
Goethe Institute 41993

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qu'a (Cnadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramies, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal orientainst artists. Muntazah, Jabei Luweibdeh, Opening hours: 10.10 a.m. 1:30 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilis dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

Popular Life of Jordan Misseum: 100 to Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, ecete. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5,00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel. 1,30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club, Meetings tanns Passaceptus (100, Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.

Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman,

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Anatociation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabai Hussein. 661757.

Church of the Annunctation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redcemer) Jabai Amman, 41559. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich, 71331.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashratich, 75261.

St. Ephraka Church (Syrian Onhodox) Ashrafieh, 71751. Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

PRAYER TIMES

3:10	(Sunrise) Shuruq Dhuhr
4:46	Sunrise Shurun
1:43	Dhube
-73	
	management Maghreb
L14	······································
-1-	**************************************

AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified.

09:15 Damascus (RJ)	
69:30 Jeddah (RJ)	į
09:40 Dhahran (RJ)	,
09:45 Kowait (RJ)	ĺ
99:50 Muscat, Dubai (RJ)	ı
19:60 Doha, Bahrain (RJ)	į
10:15 Beirut (RJ)	
19:59 Muscat, Abu Dhabi, Bahrais	
(GF)	
11:30 Ankara (TU)	į
13:99 Moscow (SU)	}
13:25 Cairo (EA	
14:49, Kuwait (KAC)	j
15:20 Jeddah, Medina (SV	
15:30 Cairo (RJ	j
16:15 Athens (RJ	
16:30 Baghdad (RJ	
16:30 Banekok (RJ)	
16:45 Tunis, Athens (TU	
17:05 Paris, Beirut (AF	
17:15 New York, Amsterdam (RJ	
17:15 Paris, Beirut (AF)	
17:20 London, Belgrade (RJ	:
17:20 LOROUT, Delgrade (NO.	!

19:40 19:55 ... Cairo (EA) Bertit (MEA) DEPARTURES

Amsterdam. Athens. Beirut

18:45 (MEA)

.... Aqaba (RJ) 68:30 Athens (OA) Beirut (MEA) Damascus, Athens, Zurich (SR) Vicana. New York (RJ) .. Cairo (RJ) Paris. London (RJ) . Ankara (TU)

The second secon

FOR THE TRAVELLER 13:98 Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Muscat (GF)

Cairo (EA)

. Cairo (EA)

Damascus (RJ)

18:45 19:66 19:15

ججنج	
68:45	
09:05	Aqaba (RJ)
89:15	Abu Dhabi (RJ)
09:15	Damascus (RJ)
09:30	Jeddah (RJ)
99:40	Dhahran (RU)
09:45	
	Muscat, Dubai (RJ)
10:00	Doha, Bahrain (RJ)
10:L5	Beirut (RJ)
10:50	Muscat, Abu Dhabi, Bahrain
(GF)	
11:30	Ankara (TU)
13:25	Cairo (EA)
14: 40	Kirwait (KAC)
	Jeddah, Medina (SV)
15:30	Cairo (RJ)
	Athens (RJ)
16:30	Baghdad (RJ)
16:30	
16:45	Tunis, Athens (TU)
	Paris, Beirut (AF)
	New York, Amsterdam (RJ)
	London, Belgrade (RJ)
18-15	Rebrain (R1)

Swedish erown Swiss franc Syrian lira U.K. sterling pound 555/ WEATHER

Qatari riyal ,..... 99.3/

Lebanese lira

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology. It will be normal, with light and variable

. Cairo (RJ) winds changing to northwesterly mod-erate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm. 27/39 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 31, Aqaba 38, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 38 per cent, Aqaba 32

The agency, monitored in Paris.

comed at the airport by Algerian Col. Qadhafi arrived from Nou-Mauritania which. like Libya.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **EMERGENCIES** Dr. isam Ai Hawamdeh 24380

Fire headquarters 22090-3 Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777 Police headquarters 39141 56390-1 Municipal water service 71125-8 Queen Alia Int. Airport ... (08) 53333

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre .. 813813-32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4 Akleh Maternity, J. Amman ... 42441 Jabai Amman Maternity 42362 Shmeisani Hospital

NIGHT DUTY

IRBID: Dr. Nayel Gharaybeh		
ZARQA: Dr. Rulal Jarrar(—) Al Jayousi pharmacy(—)		
GENERAL		
Jordan Television 73111 Radio Jordan 74111 Ministry of Tourism 42311 Hotel complaints 664-12 Price complaints 661176 Telephone: 12 Jordan and Middle East calls 10		

MARKET PRICES

opperative price of pay per kg.	Companies
Apple (American)	Grapes 320 / 250
Apple (Double Red) 150 ' 120	Grape leaves
Apple (Golden) 150 / 120	Lemon 500 ' 400
Apple (local)	Marrow (large)
Apple (Starken) 150 120	Marrow (small)
Apricots 300 : 250	Mallow 70 · 40
Banana 270 / 220	Meion 70 / 50
Валала (Микамерат) 230 / 200	Melon (super)
Beans 200 / 150	Onion (dry) 130 / 100
Cabbage 160 ' 130	Okrs 250 / 200
Carrot	Oranges
Cardiflower (white)	Peaches
Cherries 650 / 550	Peas
Chick peas (green)	Pears 550 / 500
Com	Pepper (Sweet) 250 / 200
Cucumber (large)	Pepper (Hot Green) 280 / 200
Cucumber (small) 200 / 160	Plums (red)
Eggplant (large) 90 / 60	Potatoes 180 : 150
Eggplant (small) (30 100)	Radish 130 / 100
Fekkous 90 / 60	Tomatoes
Garlie 360 : 300	Watermelon

الملدًا صد الأحل

Figures for new factories up on 1982, says Karmoul

AMMAN (Petra) - Factories established in Jordan during the first six months of this year increased by 16 over those in the first half of last year, according to Dr. Akram Karmoul director of industry at the Ministry of Industry and Trade.

He said that a total of 55 factories were set up between January and June of 1983 against 39 in the same period of 1982.

The total capital invested in the factories founded this year amounted to JD 43.7 million. It is projected that these factories will create 1.549 new jobs against 871 in the plants established in the first half of last year, Dr. Karmoul said. He said that the Ministry of



Dr. Akram Karmoni

Industry and Trade this year issued licences for the establishment of new food, metalworks and

chemical processing concerns, factories for producing compressors for refrigerators, airconditioning equipment, steel sheets, primary materials used in chemical detergents, and pharmaceutical products and electrical appliances. Also the Ministry of Industry

and Trade this year issued licences to 132 new handicraft workshops. each with equipment worth less than JD 10.000 and employing between three and five workers. The total capital invested in these factories, was JD 949,200, he said.

Last year the ministry issued licences for the establishment of 156 new factories with a total capital of JD 30 million employing a



His Majesty King Hussein Sunday confers with Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker (Petra photo)

Attieh: Jweideh-Azraq highway to be completed by end of year

AMMAN (Petra) — Work on the new Jweideh-Azraq highway, sta-igned to serve transit and overland will comprise four lanes for a rting in Aqaba and passing through Saudi Arabia and Iraq, is expected to be completed before the end of this year, according to Ahmad Attieh from the Ministry of Public Works.

He told Jordan Television that

seize large

cash, gold

ingot haul

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordanian

customs authorities have seized 33

kilogrammes of gold and nearly

JD 1 million worth of foreign cash

which was hidden in a secret com-

partment of a vehicle crossing into

Jordan from a neighbouring cou-

A report in Al Ra'i newspaper

Sunday said the haul has been tur-

ned over to the Central Bank of

Jordan, and that the gold was dep-

The owners of the ingots are

expected to be charged customs

they can retrieve them, the report

However, the vehicle in which

the money and gold was found will

remain impounded pending an

transport between the three countries on the one hand and to ease traffic congestion in Amman and Zarga on the other.

The 88-kilometre road which

stretch of 10 kilometres while the rest will be of two lanes. Mr. Attich said.

He added that the road has two intersections and five bridges at links Jweideh, Al Muwaqqar, Al Jweideh and Sahab.

Authorities | Bids to open for JD 30m road works, says Khalaf

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Public Works will shortly invite those construction companies already pre-qualified to bid for the construction of three main roadsin the country which are expected to cost JD 30 million to build, according to the ministry's director of enders Daoud Khalaf.

He said that his ministry has already prequalified a number of

Smugglers jailed

AMMAN (Petra) — Five Egyptians and two Syrians have been sent to jail and fined by a military court for hashish smuggling, according to a court announcement

Sunday.
It said that Abdul Alim Al osited to the Customs headquarter Daoudi, Mansour Omar and Ibrahim Hussein Ahmad, all Egyptian nationals, and Mustapha Zalkoum, a Syrian, will be received eight years imprisonment with duty on the imported gold before hard labour and a fine of JD

3,000. Another two Egyptians, Mohammad Ali and Jamal Al Ojaizi, will be jailed for five years with hard labour and pay JD 1,000

local and foreign companies to build the Amman-Jweideh. Zarqa-Azraq. Syrian bordervisits

torces

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty

King Hussein, the supreme com-mander of the Jordanian Armed

Forces, Sanday called at the army

headquarters and met its

Commander-in-Chief Lt.-Gen.

Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, the army

Chief of Staff Fathi Abn Taleb and

At the meeting, King Hussein discussed with the officers a num-

ber of subjects of interest to the

armed forces, and he issued his

directives on these subjects to the

The delegation is drawn from

the Jordanian Federation of Bus-

in Amman, Madaba and Karak,

The delegation members Sun-

day called on Minister of Social

Development In'am Al Mufti and

briefed her on the delegation's

The London-based IFBP, fou-

nded in 1930, aim to promote

and coordinate the interests of

business and professional women

New customs

throughout the world.

procedure

introduced

Alia airport

AMMAN (J.T.) - A green and

red light customs system allowing arrivals at the Queen Alia Int-

ernational Airport to have a spe-edier passage came into force Sat-

urday.
According to a report by Al Ra'i newspaper, Ministry of Finance and Customs Under-Secretary

Adel Al Qudah visited the airport and inspected the new measures as

they were being put into progress.

senger arrivals who have nothing

to declare to the customs aut-

horities will pass through a door marked by a green light, while everyone else will go through a door marked with a red light for

Passengers arriving at the air-

port are allowed to bring in up to

JD 50 worth of items from abroad.

customs inspection.

Under the new procedure, pas-

at Queen

planned role at the conference.

a number of senior aides.

army commanders.

Businesswomen's team

leaves for U.S. meeting

AMMAN (J.T.) - A delegation nomic and social development in

a conference organised by the Int- iness and Professional Women

ernational Federation of Business which operates three women clubs

Jordan.

Zaroa roads. The tenders, he said, will be studied and the contracts awarded within the next two months.

When the awards have been made, eight four-lane highways will be under construction in the country at a total cost of JD 65 million, Mr. Khalaf said.

representing Jordanian bus-

inesswomen will leave for the Uni-

ted States Tuesday to take part in

and Professional Women (IFBP)

which will be opened in Was-

The week-long conference will

be devoted to a discussion of pro-

blems experienced by women esp-

ecially in the fields of education

and vocational training. The Jor-danian delegation will submit a

report to the conference on the

role of Jordanian women in eco-

be held on Nov. 1 in which all sec-

tors of the public will be asked to

participate and offer contributions

to voluntary societies in the cou-

hington on July 30.

Hussein **NEWS IN BRIEF**

Work to begin on Ramtha estate

RAMTHA (Petra) — Work on the proposed new industrial estate at here will begin in the coming month, according to Ramtha Mayor Mohammad Al Bashabshe. He said that the JD 240,000 project had been awarded to a local firm and will be built on a 160dunum site. The industrial estate will help alleviate pollution problems in the town while easing the traffic congestion problem in the centre of the city, Mr. Bashabshe said.

Chamber invited to Paris conference

AMMAN (Petra) - The Amman Chamber of Industry has received an invitation from the Secretary-General of the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC) in Paris to attend the ICC's 22nd conference which will open in Stockholm on June 1984. The six-day conference will discuss the development of technology and its applications, and ways to encourage the young to enter the labour market.

Agri barter talks convened

AMMAN (Petra) — The implementation of a Jordanian Syrian agreement on the exchange of agricultural products was discussed at a meeting held Sunday under the chairmanship of Agriculture Minister Marwan Dudin. The agreement, which provides for the bartering of Jordanian and Syrian agricultural products was sig-ned on June 14. The meeting was held at the premises of the Agricultural Marketing Organisation (AMO) whose board also endorsed the organisation's 1983 budget.

Car fire extinguishers made compulsory

AMMAN (Petra) - The Traffic Department will start at the end of this month inspecting vehicles to ensure that they all carry fire extinguishers. Each one must have a capacity of at least one litre each and be in good working order. According to the dep-artment's director the owner of any vehicle which does not carry such an extinguisher will be fined in accordance with instructions issued by the Interior Minister Ahmad 'Obeidat.

Art troupe to attend Turkish festival

AMMAN (Petra) - The Department of Culture and Arts has received an invitation from the Turkish embassy to take part in the Antakya folk festival which will open in the Turkish town on October 1. The department will form an art troupe to present Jordanian folk art at the festival, which is expected to last six days, the department added.

Refugee boys to receive new pyjamas

AMMAN (J.T.) — The British embassy here has given a JD 500 contribution to the cost of the Young Mens Christian Association annual summer camp for orphan boys from the Palestine refugee camps. The contribution will be used to purchase T-shirts and pyjamas for the 200 boys who attend the camp which takes place at United Nations Relief and Works Agency's Amman training centre from July 15 to August 7. The boys take part in organised activities including in-door and out-door games, arts and crafts. excursions and picnics, folk dancing and singing.

FOR RENT (OFFICE OR LIVING)

Apartment unfurnished, third floor, two bedrooms, salon, dining room, kitchen, bath, central heating, wall-to-wall carpeting, phone (area 110m²). Main street between 4th-5th Circle, rent JD 2,500.

Phone 671941 or 672707

Representatives from women's association and charitable societies meet in Amman Saturday to discuss future projects and events (Petra photo)

Women's groups discuss future policy

and other sources.

They also discussed a project to build a headquarters for the Jor-

two liaison officers in Amman and its suburbs to coordinate meetings women with the aims of the fed-

SECRETARY WANTED

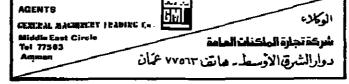
Local Jordanian firm in Shmeisani has a vacancy for a SECRETARY to handle typing and other office secretarial duties in English or English/Arabic.

> Part-time or full-time working hours. Very attractive salary offered.

For application, please contact tel: 660412-Amman

توبيو 🕏 ٢٥٢٥

ماكنات قص وبثني الحديد BAR BENDERS & CUTTERS



IDB announces credit incentives for Balga region

AMMAN (Petra) — The Industrial Development Bank (IDB) Sunday announced new credit facilities to be offered to businessmen and factory owners in the Balqa Governorate. The move is intended to promote industrial production, IDB deputy manager Rajab Al Sa'd announced Saturday.

He said that IDB will increase in the Balqa region in 1982 and region by 15 per cent, increase the Afr. Sa'd said. repayment time by three years. and reduce interest on loans oftered to investors in industrial proects in Balga by two per cent. 2.767 million to 56 organisations

he volume of credit to the Balga - the first six months of this year.

He said the Joans were used to finance projects in Salt, Mahes. Fuheis. Ain Al Pasha and the Jor-IDB granted loans totalling ID dan Valley, all within the Balqa

Home authors to have own stall at festival

AMMAN (Petra) - The display and marketing of Jordanian publications and books by local writers at the Jerash testival next month was discussed by the Director-General of the Department of Libraries. Documentation and National Archives (DLDNA) Dr. Ahmad Sharkas and the Jordanian Writers Association (JWA) Sun-

They agreed that JWA should have a special stall to display and sell all Jordanian books, whether by local authors or foreigners who have written about Jordan, or any other books that deal with Jordan. According to Dr. Sharkas, the national council for culture, art and

literature in Kuwait has expressed a desire to participate in the book exhibition at the festival and the Dar Al Liwa publishing house of Saudi Arabia has made a similar request. Meanwhile, it was announced in Jerash that special arrangements

have been made for car parking around the ancient Roman site to offer better facilities for visitors of the Jerash festival which will be held between Aug. 12 and 20.



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the premier of the classic

SNOW WHITE



Along with New York, London Paris and Tokyo

Two performances each day at 10:30 morning 3:30 p.m. Take the whole family

AMMAN (Petra) - Rep- future meetings of women's fedanisation of the annual festival to

resentatives from women's ass- erations in Al Hashimi. Al Naser ociations and charitable societies and Al Manara districts of in Jordan held a meeting in Amman Saturday to assess the linancial and material contributions they so far received from organisations, individuals

danian Women's Federation, and

The meeting decided to appoint with the aim of familiarising

Also discussed was the org-

LARGE FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT

Consisting of three bedrooms, including one master room, three salons, two verandas, three bathrooms, spacious kitchen, and central heating.

Location: Jabal Amman, Second Circle, the road downhill next to the Lebanese Embassy - second street to the right.

Call Tel: 24556

Board of Directors THAN TANKER RMAYA-HAYMAD RAJA BLISSA MOHAMMAD AMAD MAHAMMITAL BAYAD chorce's hawaymen Comfridating Leiter. RAMI G. KHOUKI Educational advertising officer Jordan Press Foundation. timirerally Raid, P.C. Bair 6710, Amplion, Torthon Telephanes 060320, 666265 Teles: 21497 ALBAL 10

Begin's tricky mood

The tordon Tomes, is mubitalise apply except Prillings

Lefestion TORTPALS, Audiant, Jorda

SATURDAY is out, but Menachem Begin stays in. So, after all, the Israeli prime minister is not quitting, despite his earlier pledge to do so when he turned 70 -- according to the Jewish calendar that is.

Begin might still resign his post, but only if the Arabs, most of them at least, would just go away. Shamir, now the foreign minister, could in theory take over as premier, although he could easily be overshadowed by a man like David Kimche, his under-secretary, who was Shamir's boss at the Mossad sometime ago. Arens, the defence chief, is not yet the political force that could rule Israel; and, he could wait.

So, Begin's visit to Washington was postponed for other than personal reasons, it seems. The physical anguish that each Israeli casualty in Lebanon reportedly caused the prime minister had to be reduced first. A pull-back of the army from the Shouf Mountains and the Beirut suburbs would help boost Begin's low morale, and maybe even allow him to bounce back the way he did just before annexing the Golan Heights or when ordering the attack against the Iraqi nuclear reactor at Tammuz in 1981.

The Baruk Mountain and military positions facing the Syrians in the east of Lebanon would not have to be evacuated. Actually, the Israelis would keep them indefinitely to prove to the Americans that they meant business and intended to make a big issue out of them with both the Syrians and the Lebanese as well. The threat of permanent Israeli occupation of South Lebanon is something different. To give up this territory, Israel would need no less than a total Syrian withdrawal from Lebanon fully in accordance with the terms of the Israeli-Lebanese agreement signed on May 17.

Begin would not go to the U.S. now, because there was nothing to gain from the trip at this stage. And the American media would harass him anyway. He would wait until November or so, when the fever of presidential electioneering had reached a new pitch. Israel could bargain for and get more

The unilateral Israeli pull-back that Begin's cabinet approved last Wednesday would no doubt reduce the incentive for a complete withdrawal from Lebanon. Israel needs the waters of the Litani in the meantime, and could put it to good use at any time. Why broach the subject of withdrawals, in the U.S. or elsewhere, so soon then? The postponement of talks with the U.S. president therefore must have pleased the Likud a lot, and it did.

Begin is a depressed man, living in near-seclusion, there is little doubt about it. But that in itself is not our main concern. The proclivity of some Arab and other quarters to assume

that Begin's mood determines the world remains the biggest

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Not weighty enough

WHEN THE Arab mediation committee met in Tunis. many Arabs thought its members would embark on a tour of Arab countries so as to bring an end to the prevailing atmosphere of disunity. That would have indeed been the wisest step considering the rapidly escalating events in the Arab region. The meeting has however resulted in Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi being entrusted with the task of contacting Syria and the PLO in the hope of finding a solution. Of course. Mr. Klibi has political influence and carries considerable diplomatic weight, but the presence of the Saudi and Algerian foreign ministers in the party might have been of greater significance and might have led to speedier results.

We hope that the Saudi and Algerian ministers will soon join Mr. Klibi in his fence-mending mission before a further increase in ten-

Al Dustour: PLO doubly at risk

CLASHES BROKE out anew between opposing Fatch factions at a time when most Arabs were expecting that mediation efforts would succeed in ending the bloodshed. It looks as though the new flare up in fighting was deliberately provoked to coincide with the start of a mediation mission by Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi and to indicate a total rejection by the dissident Fateh faction of pan-Arab calls to stop the conflict.

The new outbreak of fighting can only further harm and weaken the Palestinian people and the PLO in the eyes of the world, and the Israeli enemy will now be better placed to subjugate the Palestinian people under its occupation. If the fighting is allowed to continue, the Palestinian forces will risk being made political scapegoats to be sacrificed in the course of political compromises. We call on the fighters to return to reason and to listen to the voice of their conscience so as to avert any further violence in the best interest of the Palestinian cause.

Sawt Al Shaab: Careers guidance needed

WE HEARTILY congratulate all the students who passed the General Secondary Certificate (Tawjihi) examinations and wish them further success in the future. But we pause a little when wondering what the thousands of graduates' next step will be. Some of the graduates will undoubtedly be able to go on to the university, but most of the rest will simply be at a loss.

Recently the ministries of health and public works as well as the medical and engineers' associations have focused the Jordanian public's attention on the serious problem the country would be facing if the graduates were not properly guided in their future education. They said thousands of Jordanian students qualified in medicine and engineering could face unemployment after years of study both here and abroad. Since the problem affects the country as a whole, it should be tackled at a national level. For instance coordination could be launched among public and private organisations to direct and guide young people towards the trades and professions most urgently needed by this country. Planning for the future is essential and, unless effective measures are taken now, the problem will only become

U.S. demands arms-limitation on differential basis

By Jeffrey Antevil

WASHINGTON - A strategic arms treaty is possible only if Moscow reduces its heavier missiles while allowing the U.S. to keep a large force of long-range bom-bers, according to American off-

They say a Soviet demand for a single weapons ceiling -- to include ordinary ballistic missiles. very heavy missiles and strategic bombers -- is the major issue blocking agreement in U.S.-Soviet negotiations in Geneva.

"It's going to have to become more apparent that the Soviets comprehend the fact that certain types of weapons are more dangerous and destabilising than others." one official said.

High-ranking arms control exp-

erts said recent changes in both U.S. and Soviet negotiating positions had brought the two sides closer in the year-long strategic arms talks.

U.S. officials have welcomed Soviet proposals for separate sublimits on multiple-warhead missiles and on inter-continental weapons in fixed land silos as positive developments.

A Pentagon official cautioned: "You shouldn't jump to the conclusion that these are major breakthroughs and we are near an agreement."

Another official said the sublimits were lower versions of those set in the unratified 1979 SALT-2 treaty, suggesting Moscow seeks a "SALT-2.5" rather than the radical nuclear restructuring called for by the Reagan administration.

"There are certainly positive signals, but it wouldn't be prudent to jump any euphoric conclusions yet," he said.

The U.S. position has moved closer towards Moscow's ideas with a decision by President Reagan last month to raise the proposed ceiling on missiles from 850 to around 1,200, and to permit more flexibility in reducing Soviet

heavy missiles. The heavier types of Soviet inter-continental multiplewarhead missiles are the SS-17s. SS-18s and SS-19s.

Most U.S. officials believe a Strategic Arms (START) treaty probably cannot be completed until there is agreement in separate talks in Geneva on limiting medium-range missiles based in

They say that is unlikely until the first of a planned force of 572 U.S. cruise and Pershing-2 missiles are actually deployed in Britain. West Germany and Italy. The deployments are set to start

ults in the Geneva "Euromissile" negotiations. Moscow has linked the two sets of talks, threatening to withdraw its START proposals if U.S. mis-

siles go into Europe. For the longer term. U.S. officials say differences over counting rules are the key obstacle in START.

Mr. Reagan has proposed a limit of 5,000 warheads on intercontinental missiles (ICBMS) -- a one-third reduction by both sides - and separate ceilings for bombers carrying air-launched cruise missiles (ALCMS) and those

armed with nuclear bombs.

He also wants a cut of about two-thirds in the Soviet force of 650 SS-18s and SS-19s, which are large and accurate enough to destroy U.S. ICBMS in their silos in a surprise attack. next December if there are no res-

Pentagon sources say Moscow wants to count all bombs or missiles carried on bombers along with land-and sea-based ICBMS in setting an overall ceiling.

In addition, it would count each bomber as carrying the maximum number of ALCMS or hombs of which it is capable.

Using these rules, the U.S. would have to reduce ballistic missiles substantially to keep its present force of around 4(H) bombers. 120 of which are to carry ALCMS. The U.S. relies more heavily on manned bombers than the Soviet Union.

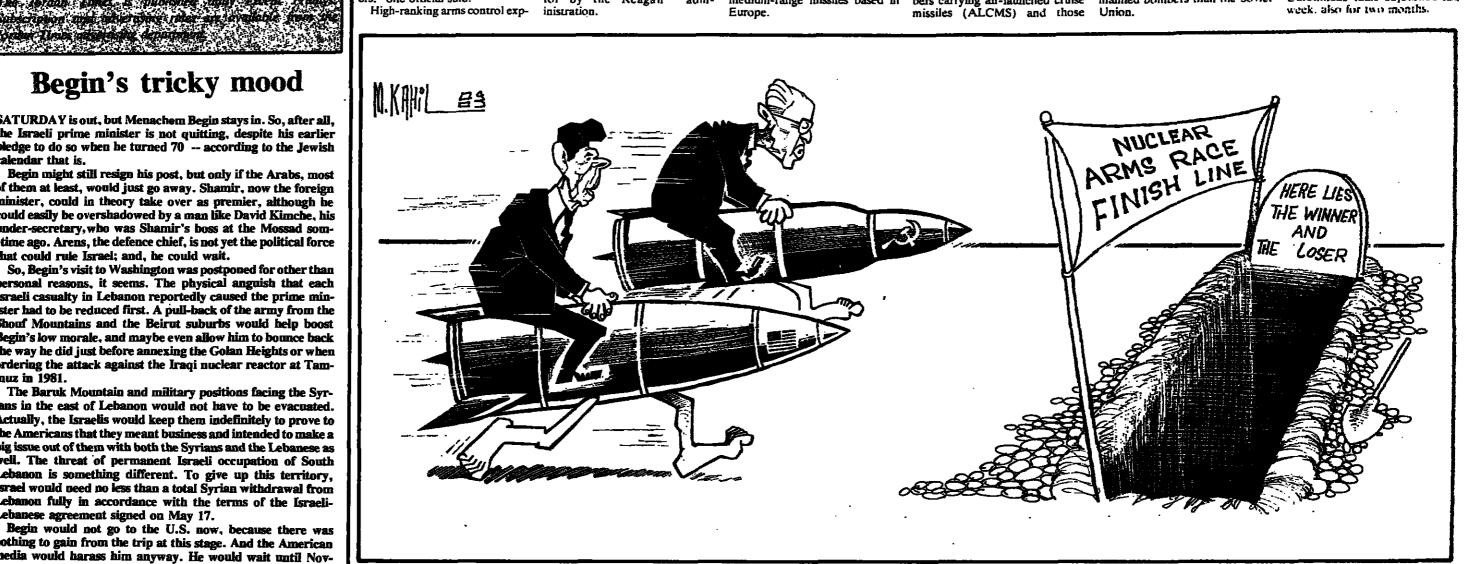
*Our conviction is that bombers are a deterrent weapon, a retaliatory weapon." a Pentagon off-

icial saxi "They are not appropriate as a first-strike weapon and consequently they are less threatening

to the other side." Officials said Moscow would have to recognise that the goal of START is to reduce not just the quantity of nuclear weapons but their explosive power and first-

strike potential Soviet emphasis on very large missiles has gone beyond any normal requirement for deterrence and represents 'a pot-ential first-strike force," one official said.

START will adjourn on August for a two-month recess. The Euromissile talks adjourned last week, also for two months.



WCC radical policies anger West

By Richard Walker

VANCOUVER - The World Council of Churches (WCC) gathers here for its first assembly in eight years, and the council's involvement in radical politics is likely to be high on the agenda.

The Geneva-based council. grouping 400 million Protestants and Eastern Orthodox Christians and sometimes referred to as the 'Protestant Vatican', has had a fairly stormy history since its last Governing Assembly met in Nairobi in 1975.

At the centre of the controversy is the WCC's programme to combat racism, and the grants it has made from its "special fund" to African and other Third World

insurgent movements. Critics of its support for political groups have included U.S. President Reagan, who once accused the WCC in a newspaper column of "sending money to terrorists

who kill civilians and missionaries.

But WCC spokesmen reply that there is no proof that grant money has been used for anything but non-violent relief work.

WCC critics however maintain that church money should not be channelled to organisations which use violence in furtherance of

The grant most bitterly assailed by conservatives was a 1978 humanitarian relief' donation of \$85,000 to the Patriotic Front (PF) guerrilla coalition which fought for the end of white minority rule in Rhodesia, now black-ruled

Other recipients have included the South West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO), fighting for control in Namibia (South West Africa), and the African National Congress (ANC), the principal black nationalist movement seeking to overthrow South Africa's white minority govemment.

The dispute over the PF grant led the Salvation Army to end its membership of the ecumenical body. but WCC spokesmen say money from churches designated for anti-racism unit has increased since the controversy over grants

"We knew the programme would be controversial when we set it up." said Cynthia Wedel, an American psychologist representing Anglicans and North Americans on the WCC presidium. "The surprising thing is that it has raised as much money as

Critics of the WCC from the Washington-based Institute on Religion and Democracy and from Christian Solidarity Intemational, a Swiss group which calls attention to religious persecution, will be in Vancouver but

not taking part in the assembly. Debates on peace and nuclear

arms control, and on the struggle for justice and human dignity, are expected to receive major att-

ending the Vancouver assembly. Other key issues include dialogue between Christians and other religious faiths, and the role of women in the church

ention from the 930 delegates att-

Most western Protestant denominations now ordain women clergy, but Orthodox churches rule this out entirely. Since the Nairobi assembly

some progress has been made on doctrinal unity among the various traditions. A WCC unit reached major agreement last year on a document covering church ministry, baptism and the eucharist.

Membership of the WCC has risen to slightly more than 300 churches, and western churches are now outnumbered by those from Africa, Asia, Eastern Europe. Latin America, the Middle East and the Caribbean.

The Vatican will have official observers at the assembly and representatives will also be present from Muslim. Jewish. Hindu, Buddhist and Sikh religions.

over 'debategate

Washington nervous

By Michael Gelb

WASHINGTON - The White House is keeping a nervous eye on investigations into the row over former President Carter's 1980. debating papers despite a full in front-page newsapaper attention to the so-calmled "debategate"

affair. "There's obviously a full right now, but at some point the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) will come to some conclusions and that's going to be one of the next steps on this," said one senior administration official.

The Justice Department, with FBI aid, and a Congressional subcommittee are investigating how Mr. Reagan's 1980 election staff obtained stacks of documents from Jimmy Carter's campaign. including issue-briefing papers from Mr. Carter's crucial television debate with Mr. Reagan.

Opposition democrats have said the debate-papers incident may have been only part of a political spying effort by Mr. Reagan advsers under campaign boss William Casey, now director of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

The White House now seems to be on a collision course with Congressional investigators seeking carte blanche approval to examine Mr. Reagan campaign files stored in California.

Some administration officials see the Congressional inquiry, run by democrats, as a partisan fishing expedition.

The latest White House counter-move is to insist that, in exchange for unlimited access to all the Reagan files, the Congressional group also review all Mr. Carter campaign files for evi-

dence of skulduggery there. "If they're going to fish in one pond, they ought to fish in the other pond." White House Spokesman Larry Speakes said.

Mr. Reagan has ordered the FBI to turn over the fruits of its inquiry to a Congressional investigation headed by representative Donald Albosta, a

Michigan democrat. Mr. Albosta objects to this sereening and wants Congress's own investigators to comb through Mr.

Reagan's California files. The White House said such a request was unprecedented and that the FBI inquiry was beyond reproach. But it has not spelt out

its objections to direct access in

material if the White House does

not cooperate. The spectre of a Congressional subpoena, reminiscent of Richard Nixon's attempts to cover up White House involvement in the Watergate scandal, is clearly troubling to a Regan staff eager to show that its hands are clean.

In the briefing papers affair, the central questions are whether they were solicited by the Reagan staff or handed over voluntarily, and who the Carter turncoat or turncoats were.

White House Chief of Staff James Baker. Communications Director David Gergen and Budget Director David Stockman all admit they saw Mr. Carter campaign material. Mr. Stockman says he used some of it in rehearsing Mr. Reagan for the debate. alihough the president himself says he knew nothing about this.

There are also shadowy allegations that CIA Director Casey. Mr. Reagan's 1980 campaign chief. had spies watching U.S. military bases for signs Mr. Carter might try to sway votes with a dramatic, last-minute rescue of the American hostages then held

Mr. Reagan, who first tries to remain above the fray, seems to have limited any damage to his reputation for integrity by ordering his staff to cooperate with investigators.

Although he still says privately

Mr. Reagan also quickly quashed behind-the-scenes attempts by some staff members to use the affair against Chief of Staff Baker. a moderate who is often at Log-

gerheads with inner-circle "Reaganite" conservatives. He let it be known he was barking Baker all the way, saying "no

one in the White House is twisting in the wind." "Twisting in the wind" was a

catch-phrase of the Watergate eraand refers to people left to take the blame as scapegoats. After a two-week spate of alm-

ost daily reports in U.S. newspapers, press interest in "deb-ategate" had declined. But one Reagan aide said White House officials were holding their

breath until they saw what the investigators found. We have no way of guessing

what's happening with the FBI or Mr. Albosta," he said.

E. Timor overshadows Jakarta-Canberra ties

By Richard Pascoe

JAKARTA - East Timor still casts a dark shadow over relations between Australia and Indonesia seven years after Jakarta annexed the former Portuguese colony and defeated left-wing separatist gueriillas. The issue poses a major foreign policy test for Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke, who visited Indonesia last month to gauge the problem for himself. -

He has to decide whether he can retain good relations with his giant northern neighbour and at the same time keep faith with the stated East Timor policy of his ruling Australian Labour Party (ALP). which is deeply critical of Jakarta.

From Indonesia's point of view. Mr. Hawke must make a choice. Jakarta hopes he will maintain the support given to Indonesia on the issue by the former liberal government under Malcolm Fraser. defeated by Mr. Hawke in general. elections last March.

Ever since it incorporated East Timor into Indonesia on July 17, 1976. President Suharto's government has been fighting a diplomatic battle for world recognition of its sovereignty.

Every year Indonesia faces a motion in the United Nations General Assembly calling for Timorese self-determination. Last year Indonesia lost by four

votes. But diplomatic sources said that, after lobbying Third World nations. Jakarta felt it had a good chance this autumn of either defeating the motion or having it removed from the agenda altogether.

Mr. Fraser's government not only voted for Indonesia at the U.N. but also lobbied other countries to do so, the sources said.

Mr. Hawke's problem is that official ALP policy, as laid down by its national conference last July, is to support U.N. motions calling for Timorese selfdetermination.

The Australian leader, however, is known to favour a more moderate line, and party rules permit him to implement Labour policies" in the light of circumstances at the time."

Mr. Hawke said in Jakarta that Canberra would not take a decision on its U.N. vote until towards the end of the year. He added that a visit to East Timor by an Australian parliamentary delegation would increase understanding and informed debate before the decision was made.

The delegation of five starts a nine-day visit to Indonesia this week, spending four days in East Timor, which lies about 400 miles off the northern Australian coast. It is also due to visit West Timor. the other half of Timor island. "If Australia cannot establish

and most populous neighbour, the whole credibility of its foreign policy would be diminished." Mr. Hawke said after his visit. Indonesia has made clear it will not be happy even with an abstention by Australia at the U.N.

constructive relations with its near

It is also concerned about the possible influence on other countries, particularly small Pacific nations, should Canberra decide to change Australia's voting sta-

Indonesian Foreign Minister Mochtar Kusumaatmadja is on a 20-day tour of the Solomon Islands. Western Samoa, Fiji, New Zealand and Papua New Guinea, and he admits it is not unconnected with seeking support for

Indonesia's stand on Timor. Four of these countries supported Jakarta at last year's vote. Western Samoa's position was Neither Indonesian nor Aus-

tralian officials in Jakarta were willing to say how bilateral relations might suffer if Canberra failed to support Indonesia. But one western Diplomat said it would make life tougher for Australia right across the board."

Mr. Suharto declared East Timor, with its 600,000 people, an Indonesian province in 1976 after hasty decolonisation preparations by Portugal had led to a civil war. Indonesian troops had intervened the previous year against the forces of Fretilin, the Revolutionary Front for an Independent East Timor, when the leftist group emerged dominant and eventually declared unilateral independence from Lisbon. Indonesia argues that Fretilin

was a Marxist movement and that Jakarta and its allies could not afford to see an Asian Cuba emerge in their midst. It also says East and West Timor are ethnically the same, and were one entity before the Portuguese came in the 15th The Indonesians maintain the

over, with only a few hundred disorganised Fretilin remnants holding out in the mountains. But the territory remains cut off - from the rest of the country for security reasons, with special permits needed for visitors. Even telephone links with Jakarta are

permitted only to authorised off-

war in East Timor has long been

Fretilin exiles in Lisbon recently called on Portugal and Australia to help achieve peace and said a ceasefire with Indonesian forces had been in effect since March 23 this year. Indonesia denied any ceasefire had been agreed. A Defence Ministry spokesman said Indonesia "does not and will not sign a ceasefire agreement with insurgents ... if the Fretilin people want to surrender we will accept

detail. Mr. Albosta in turn has threatened to subpoens the Reagan

that the affair is "much ado about nothing". Mr. Reagan dramatically interrupted a recent staff meeting to order his aides to tell all they knew. He said he would fire any aide found guilty of wrongdoing.

Blood thicker than water in world of the tadpole

By Donald J. Frederick

CORVALLIS, Oregon - Some tadpoles are doing more than marking time in grade school aquariums and amusing children at the old swimming hole.

These frogs-to-be keeping in touch with their brothers and sis-

Tadpoles spawned by a species of frog known as Rana cascadae - a native of Oregon and Washington -- not only recognise! their own brothers and sisters, but half siblings as well. And they can tell which parent they have in:

This sense of recognition is so strong that tadpoles raised in isolation just after they hatch can zero in on their brothers and sisters or half siblings days and even weeks later. Nor does it matter whether the tadpoles are raised from the beginning with non-kin; they can still identify their relatives later.

Finely tuned ability

"Never has such finely tuned kin recognition been pinpointed in 'a creature other than a mammal." said Andrew R. Blaustein, a zooologist at Oregon State Uni-

Working to prove the tadopoles' close family bonds, Mr. Blaustein and his colleague Mr. Richard K. O'Hara have examined hundreds of the animals in remote mountain ponds and in their laboratory in the last three and a half years. Their work has been supported by the National Geographic Society and the National Science Foundation.

In the lab. large water-filled tanks resembling oversized home aquariums have been divided into three compartments by two fine mesh screens.

In a typical experiment a test animal is placed in the larger middle compartment, a group of its kin in the smaller section at one end, a non-related group in the other. The scientists then watch to see which way the tadpole will go. For instance, tadpoles raised in isolation eventually went to the end of the tank harbouring their kin group and spent most of their time near them, separated only by

Since the tadpoles are raised in the laboratory from the time they hatch, the scientists can tell exactly which frogs parented a given clutch of eggs. They can, therefore, test all kinds of relationships. In one experiment, the same male frog fertilised two clu-reared them in the lab, and dyed

tches of eggs from different mothers, so the importance of inherited male traits could be determined.

Beeline for kin

Tadpoles from one clutch were put in the tank and immediately swam toward their half brothers and sisters from the other clutch and away from non-kin.

"We were surprised," said Mr. Blaustein "Up until these experiments, we had assumed that the animals used maternal cues to find their close relations.

"We figured they got these hints from the gelatinous egg mass that surrounds a clutch of as many as 600 to 800 tadpoles at hatching. and we thought the cues might be a combination of an odor in the egg mass and chemical ingredients left by the mother."

Now the scientists are convinced that besides these cues, the father's genes also play an imp-ortant part in the identification

Mr. Blaustein and Mr. O'Hara young frogs, and possibly into aduare convinced that the paternal and maternal cues used by the animals in the lab are just as valid family circles with mammals, surin the wild. Last summer they collected several clutches of tadpassing even mice and squirrels in poles in the Cascade mountains,

their recognition ability. National Geographic news feautre

them according to family groups.

Some were coloured red or blue.

They then were mixed together

and reintroduced into the ponds

about a month later. It took them

only a day to sort themselves into

Lethal to predators

together? One of Mr. Blaustein's

theories is linked to genetics and

survival. He suspects that just bef-

ore they metamorphose into frogs.

the tadpoles may be poisonous to

insect predators such as water bee-

"It may be a way of per-petuating their genes." he the-

orises. "By poisoning a predator.

a tadpole may sacrifice itself, but it

is assured that by banding tog-

ether with family members, tad-

poles with the same genes will sur-

Preliminary evidence indicates

that the tadpoles retain their kin

recognition even after becoming

If so, for the first time an amp-

hibian would hop into elevated

lthood to avoid inbreeding.

Why do the close relatives stick

others left unmarked.

sibling groups.

Skeleton of 1st flesh eating dinosaur found in England

By Stephen Powell Reuter

LONDON - The skeleton of a new species of flesh-eating dinosaur, even more vicious than the infamous Tyrannosaurus, has been discovered in a tranquil commuter belt south of London.

The British Natural History Museum hailed the discovery of the 124 million year-old dinosaur whose teeth were "serrated like steak knives" as possibly the most important find in Britain this cen-

The first bone to be found was a gigantic clawbone, strongly curved, sharply pointed and measuring more than a foot (30 centimetres) along the curve.

"This vicious-looking talon." said the museum. "is at least half as long again as the biggest clawhone of the hind foot of Tyrannosaurus.

Tyrannosaurus Rex has long been regarded as the most frightening creature ever to roam the earth. But experts said the newly discovered species was apparently even more terrible.

An amateur tossil hunter, 55year-old plumber Bill Walker. found the clawbone in a claypit in southeast England last January. The exact location is being kept secret by the museum to stop unauthorised digging on the site. Museum experts excited

"I knew I had found a very nice dinosaur claw," Mr. Walker told reporters this week, "but I had no idea of the significance of the find. I took it home, put it on a shelf and forgot about it for three weeks."

When his son-in-law later took the claw to the Natural History Museum, excited experts declared that it belonged to a totally unknown species of dinosaur.

Towards the end of May, a team from the museum began to dig up the remains and three van-loads of bones, often crushed and broken. were taken back to London.

Alan Charig, who led the excavation, said the find was of enormous importance.

"It is important because there is no doubt it is a totally new species of dinosaur. Even more important, this is the first record of any meat-eating dinosaur being found in rock of this age anywhere in the world."

The dinosaur was found in rocks of the lower Cretaceous period of 140 million to 120 million years

Mr. Charig said: "The find has excited us considerably. It is only the second near-complete skeleton of a meat-eating dinosaur ever found in Britain."

The dinosaur roamed the marshes of southern England about 125 million years ago. It was up to 15 feet (almost five metres) high. weighed about two tons and could run up to 20 miles (32 kilometres)

an hour, said Mr. Charig. It used its speed and its huge claw to prey on Iguanodons, vegetarian dinosaurs.

Although dinosaurs disappeared from the earth 65 million years ago, they lasted about 140 million years, 150 times as long as intelligent man has managed so far.

One British expert, Richard Moody, said the latest find may help scientists understand why dinosaurs were such a success. He told Reuters: "It may cha-

nge our views considerably. It may tell us why dinosaurs were so successful. The fact that the claw is different could tell us about the dinosaur's habits as a predator."

Inexplicable mysteries

One mystery which the new find will not help to solve is why the dinosaurs suddenly and inexplicably disappeared. Heated arugment about this has gone on for years and there are almost as many theories as there are exp-

The theories include climatic

changes, poisoning by new flowering plants, parasites, disease, slipped dises, shrinking brains, 'racial old age" and exploding superstars.

One extra-terrestrial theory has been gaining ground. Some scientists believe an asteroid, with a diameter of six to 14 kilometre (three to eight miles), collided with the earth and sent up a huge dust-cloud which blotted out the

sun for years. According to this theory, the dust-cloud would have killed most of the plant life and indirectly caused the exitinction of the dinosaurs, most of whom were plant-catery.

Supporters of this theory , notably Walter Alvarez of the University of California, point to the discovery of fridium in rocks which date back to the time when the dinosaurs disappeared.

element in the earth's crush but meteorites contain much higher

The newly-found dinosaur, which is expected to go on public show at London's Natural History Museum by the end of this year. has not yet been named.

The museum said it might be named after its discoverer. Plumber Bill Walker.

Fossil sheds light on mammalian Dark Ages

By Boris Weintraub

WASHINGTON - An intemational team of researchers has discovered the oldest land mammal fossils ever found in South America, shedding light on the Dark Ages of mammalian history on the continent.

The French-American team found the remains of seven spe-cimens from three species on a hil-Iside located in a bleak, isolated high-altitude site in Bolivia, All are marsupials -- pouched mam-

The new discoveries are believed to be between 70 and 75 million years old, according to Larry G. Marshall, a research associate in the department of geosciences at the University of Arizona, the American member of

A scanty record

Until now, the record of mam-

malian evolution in South America had begun about 60 million years ago, from specimens found in Brazil and Argentina. But their very diversity indicated there was lengthy evolutionary history before that. Yet no earlier fossils had been found, except for a few Peruvian fragments.

The new discoveries push mammalian history in South America back from the Cenozoic era firmly into the late Cretaceous epoch, which ended about 65 million years ago. In addition to finding the

mammals. the scientific team, supported by the National Geographic Society, determined that all were marsupials and none pla-

This suggests, said Mr. Marshall, that placental animals. whose unborn young are developed in the womb, did not arrive in South America until the very end of the Cretaceous period, as alled. some scientists had speculated.

The expedition went to the southwest Bolivian site because French researchers had found late Cretaceous fossils of fish, crocodiles, and turtles in the area durng a previous visit.

During the six-week expedition last fall. Marshall and his French colleagues -- Mireille Gayet. Bernard Sige, and Christian de Muizon of the French National Center for Scientific Research. and Alain Lavenu of the Office of Scientific and Technical Research Overseas -- explored a number of Bolivian sites. The mammal fossils turned up during the second week.

Easy to spot

'The bones and teeth were lying either totally exposed, where you would just pick them up and they were nice and clean, or they were covered with just a very little bit of sand," Mr. Marshall rec-

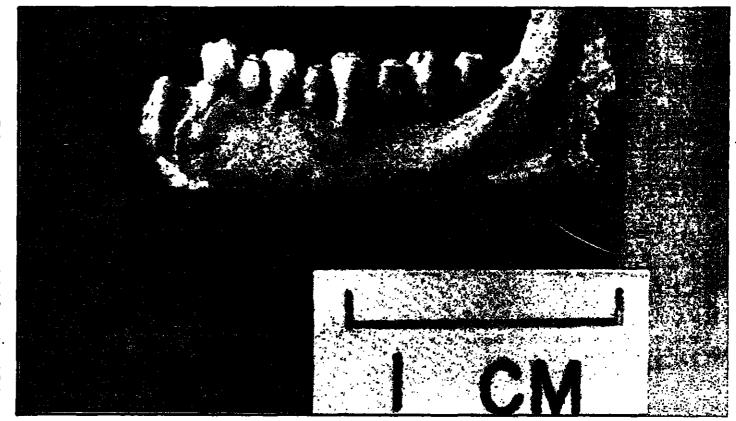
Mr. Marshall and his colleagues

identified the animals as marsupials on the basis of their dental characteristics. The three varieties discovered included an animal about the size of a rat, for which the team has nearly complete 'upper and lower dentition; a creature the size of a house mouse. known from a partial lower jaw without teeth; and a third, the size of a cat. known from a partial upper molar.

The discovery of three different types of animals suggests that marsupials already were diverse in South America by that time. Mr. Marshall said. None of the new species has been named yet. The speciments have been

taken to a French museum for study, as well as much of the sediment in which they were found. Meanwhile, the team hopes to return to Bolivia for another expedition, expecting to find more mammal fossils. Mr. Marshal and Mr. de Muizon said.

National Geographic news feature



Tiny but significant, this left lower jaw of a mammal fossil more than 70 million years old was found in southwestern Bolivia. It is among the oldest land mammal fossils found in South America and is not yet named. (National Geographic photo).





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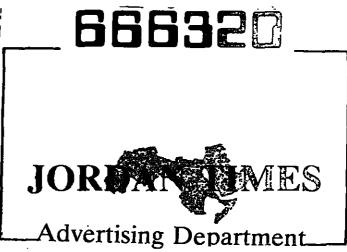




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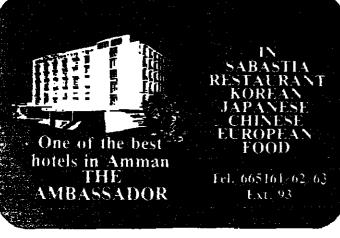
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Second Federation Cup victory for Czechoslovakia

ZURICH (R) - Czechoslovakia lifted the Federation Cup women's team tennis title for the second time on Sunday when West Germany's Bettina Bunge retired injured during her eagerly awaited clash with Hana Mandlikova.

Bunge quit with a hamstring injury after 35 minutes of action. one set down and trailing 3-0 in the second to hand the Czechoslovaks a match-winning 2-0 lead after Helena Sukova had bea-

ten Claudia Kohde 6-4, 2-6, 6-2, Kohde and Eva Pfaff beat Iva Budarova and Marcella Skuherska 3-6, 6-2, 6-1 in the doubles but that did little to dampen the

Czechoslovak celebrations. It was clear all was not well with Bunge from the start. She held her service just once in the opening set and won a mere four points before retiring in the second.

It was the second successive final defeat for the second seeded · West Germans. They lost 3-0 last year to the United States while Czechoslovakia won the title in 1975 in their only previous final appearance.

Mandlikova broke Bunge in the third game of the opening set but

love immediately. But the 20-year-old West Ger-

man's serving was poor. She double faulted five times in three consecutive service games, handing Mandlikova a second successive break for a 3-2 lead.

And when the 21-year-old former French open champion broke again to go 5-2 up she made no mistake and held serve with ease to take the set.

Mandlikova, ranked ninth in the world, one place below Bunge, broke to 15 in the first game of the second after the West German had blasted a wild forehand out of

It was obvious Bunge's desire for a fight was missing. She let a Mandlikova drive pass close by her in the second game and looked over to her captain in the third as Mandlikova broke again to gesture she had suffered enough.

When she retired as the players changed ends. Bunge had taken just 11 points in the match since the fourth game of the first set when she levelled at 2-2.

Sukova's looked an improbable victory after Kohde swept through a decisive 5-2 lead.

Bunge rallied to break back to the second set and seemed to running into her best form.

Sukova broke Kohde in the third and seventh games as she wrapped up the opening set in 35

Kohde, the West German number two and ranked 16th in the world, looked nervous and hit a string of unforced errors and weak backhands.

She opened the second by dropping serve but broke back and took the next four games to sweep into a 5-1 lead.

Sukova hit back in the seventh game, breaking Kohde with a fla-shing backhand cross court pass to trail 5-2, but she had to save two set points in the next game as Kohde raced to a 40-15 lead before securing the set on her third set point.

Games went with serve in the final set until the fifth when Sukova pulled level to deuce and then asked for a baby who was disturbing her near the front to be taken outside.

She justified the action by winning the game, holding the next and breaking Kohde again to take Injury jinx again hits Ovett

Four uncapped players in Windies squad to tour India

BRIDGETOWN, Barbados (R) - West Indies cricket selectors have kept faith with the nucleus of their World Cup squad to which they have added four uncapped players for the party to tour India starting in October.

West Indies, beaten by India in the final of the one-day cup competition at Lord's last month, on Sunday named a 16-strong squad for the three-month tour which includes six tests and five limited overs internationals.

Clive Lloyd, 38, who earlier this week changed his mind about relinquishing the captaincy, leads the touring side with Vivian Richards as his vice-captain.

Ten of the other 12 players who took part in the World Cup are included, but middle order batsman Faoud Bacchus is dropped. and fast bowler Joel Garner left out on medical advice.

West Indies Cricket Board of Control (WICBC) Secretary Steve Camacho said on the advice of a specialist doctor, Garner would rest for two months at the end of the English season and had

LONDON (R) - Steve Ovett's

World Championship ambitions

when he pulled out of an 800 met-

Ovett, the 1.500 metres world

record-holder and Olympic 800

metres champion, was forced out

with a pulled leg muscle in the clo-

sing stages after being spiked on

Venezuelan William Wuyke

went on to win from Britain's

Peter Elliott. leaving Ovett an

agonising wait to find out if he has

done enough to claim an NIII met-

res place in next month's World

Ovett had hoped to double up in

Helsinki in the 800 and 1.500

metres but may now find himself

edged out of the shorter distance

by arch-rival Sebastian Coe. Gary

Former Olympic Champion

John Walker of New Zealand also

quit after being spiked on the first

lap and Ovett admitted: "My

races seem to be getting more and

selectors and I don't want to put

any pressure on them. If I hadn't

had this trouble I'm sure I would

"It doesn't look as if it's too ser-

Championships in Helsinki.

Cook and Elliott.

more physical.

res race through injury.

the first lap.

received a severe jolt on Sunday. Cram of Britain in the 1.5(N) met-

consequently not been con-

Garner, who plays for Somerset, missed several of the county's early-season matches through injury, and also suffered fitness problems during the World

Éven without Garner, West Indies still have a formidable array of fast bowlers in Andy Roberts, Michael Holding, Malcolm Marshall, Winston Davis and Wayne Daniel, who will be making his first test tour since the 1976 visit to England.

The uncapped quarte are all-rounder Eldine Baptiste, middle order batsman Richard Richardson, off spinner Roger Harper and reserve wicketkeeper Milton Pydanna.

Baptiste plays for English county Kent with whom he has shown improvement this season both as an instinctively attacking batsman and fast medium bowler.

Fellow Antiguan Richardson is virtually unknown outside the Caribbean but is considered a

There were no such problems

Cram, who will be one of the

biggest threats to Ovett in Hel-

sinki, coasted to victory in a mod-

est three minutes 41.69 seconds.

American Mel Lattany had the

quickest win of the day when he

took the 200 metres in 20.61 sec-

onds ahead of British duo Don-

ovan Reid and Cameron Sharp.

meeting for Britain's World Cha-

mpionship hopefuls.

All in all, it was a disappointing

On Friday night Coe lost his

for European Champion Steve

good prospect who last year gained experience playing club cricket in Somerset.

Harper get his opportunity after being on the fringe of West Indies team during their recent home series against India, while Pydanna. deputy to first choice wicketkeeper Jeff Dujon, is also a useful batsman who toured Pakistan in 1980-81.

The party is completed by regular openers Gordon Greenidge and Desmond Haynes, and middle order pair Larry Gomes and Augustine Logie.

Lloyd, who has captained West Indies in a world record 54 tests. will be returning to the scene of his international debut 17 years ago when he won the first of his 90

West Indies open their tour on Oct. 4 and when it ends on Dec. 30 they will make a short visit to Australia in January to take part with the home country and Pakistan in a one-day triangular tournament.

Comacho said the side to go to Australia would be chosen during the Indian tour.

in four outings, this time at the

Coe, Olympic champion over

1,500 metres and world record

holder for the 800 and 1,000 met-

res and one mile, has said he is not

interested in running the 1,500

the next fortnight seeking the elu-

sive quality he feels is lacking in

his bid to win the 800 metres in the

confidence and I may slip in ano-

ther race before Helsinki. It would

be nice to go into the cha-

"I could do with a little more

Coe said Sunday he will spend

metres in Helsinki.

World Championship.

hands of American Steve Scott.

French teenager wins Austrian Tennis Open

KITZBUEHEL, Austria (R) -Unseeded French teenager Pascale Paradis outclassed Austrian champion Petra Huber to win the women's singles title at the Austrian Open Tennis Championships here on Sunday.

The 17-year-old Parisienne. serving and volleying powerfully. established her mastery in the second and third sets which she won 6-3, 6-2 after dropping the first

Third-seeded Huber started strongly and had Paradis chasing her shots from one side of the court to the other during the opening set.

But Paradis, the French and Wimbledon junior champion. kept a cool head, extricating herself skilfully from difficult situations, and displaying greater versatility and aggression.

Huber rallied fleetingly in the

final set, breaking Paradis's ser-

vice to lead 2-0, but the French girl struck back relentlessly to win the next six games and the title.

Argentine Guillermo Vilas retained the men's singles title and prevented a French-double when he beat Henri Leconte 7-6, 4-6.

Leconte showed flashes of brilliance, particularly on the forehand, but marred his performance with unnecessary mistakes which contributed largely to

The 20-year-old Frenchman looked to be in a winning position in the first set at 5-3 on his service. but drove a succession of groundstrokes wildly out of court and eventually lost the tie-break.

Although he won the second set. Leconte then appeared to lose concentration and Vilas powered his way to his fourth Austrian Open title.

Soviet title-holder eliminated from World Fencing event

quarter-finals of the individual sabre event at the World Fencing Championship on Sunday.

Soviet title-holder Viktor Krovopuskov ran into trouble in the first round of the final series, contested by 32 fencers, when he was beaten 10-5 by Italy's Marco

Krovopuskov still had a chance to qualify for the last eight in the repechage but after defeating France's Herve Granger-Veyron. he was eliminated after losing 10-7 to Ion Pop of Romania.

A similar fate befell Hungarian Imre Gedoevari. who had been fancied as one of the strongest challengers for Krovopuskov's title. Beaten in the first round by Pol-

VIENNA(R) — Soviet and Hunsequently qualified for the garian favourites toppled out as quarter-finals. Gedoevari reached three Italians and two Bulgarian the third round of the loser's combrothers fought their way into the petition where he lost to Vassil Etropolski of Bulgaria.

Etropolski also reached the quarter-finals where he joined his brother Hristo whose path to the last eight consisted of three straight victories in the direct elimination tournament.

Frenchman Jean-Francois Lamour, and Italy's Gianfranco Dalla Barba qualified for the quarter-finals in similar manner. Dalla Barba's compatriots Fernando Meglio and Giovanni Scalzo made their way via the loser's tournament.

Soviet fencers fared badly, with only one of their five entires. Mikhail Burtzev, making it to the quarter-finals, also through the

Frenchman Fignon wins tour, joins the elite

France became one of the few men to win the Tour de France at the first attempt when he was hailed by thousands of fellow Parisians at the finish of the 3.807 km race in the Champs Elysees on Sunday.

At 22 he is the youngest winner of the three-week tour since Italian Felice Gimondi in 1965. That. too, was Gimondi's first tour.

The final stage over 195 km was won by Switzerland's Gilbert Glaus, who beat Irishman Sean Kelly to the line by a fraction after the 88 riders had raced up and down the finishing area for the last

A sudden rainstorm made the cobbled roads tricky and there

were several crashes as riders went into the corners too fast.

After a slow ride to the city drawn back.

 Pascal Jules of France made a bold bid to win the stage but was caught on the final six-km lap, and it was left to the fast finishers to

settle the issue,

stage, one second behind Glaus and Kelly, and speculation immediately arose over a possible status clash with injured team-leader Bernard Hinault, winner of four

HILVERSUM. Netherlands (R) best-of-three sets because of heavy rain which delayed the start After his victory. Smid said he had turned the tables on Taroczy. who beat him 6-2, 6-2, 6-1 in this event in 1979. "Then it was Balazs

Taroczy deprived of 7th Grand Prix title

- Tomas Smid of Czechoslovakia by more than two hours. deprived Hungarian Balazs Taroczy of a place in the tennis record books by beating the six-times champion 6-4. 6-4 in the Hilversum Grand Prix final on Sunwho came to the net so I could not pass him. This time I stopped him passing me." he added.

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The match was reduced to

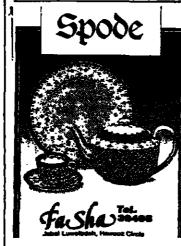
which put the race half an hour behind schedule, the pace quickened as the riders headed for the Champs Elysees past the Eiffel Tower and several attacks were

Fignon finished fourth on the

but he has no weaknesses." Apart from Fignon's triumph.

> Fignon's only stage victory came in the 50 km time trial at Dijon. Before that his best finish had been fifth place at the summit of l'Alpe d'Huez-the day he took

As usual, the tour had its winners and losers. Two more riders were punished for drug offences on Sunday, bringing the total for



Hinault, unable to compete this year because of a knee injury. dismissed the suggestion in a television interview when he said: "There's room for us all The

more winners we have the better." Team manager Cyrille Guimard, who himself held the leader's yellow jersey during the 1972 tour, was not so sure.

"I'm like a man with a wife and mistress... I don't know which one

to choose.' Hinault, who said he plans to recoup his losses by winning the world road race title as he did in 1980 when injury kept him out of the tour, added: "Fignon isn't a specialist sprinter nor a climber

French riders chalked up nine stage wins, four more than any other country to give them their best tour since 1979 when Hinault took seven of their 10 stage suc-

over the yellow jersey.

this year's race to six.

Frenchmen Jacques Bossis and Didier Vanoverschelde, tested during the alpine stages, were fined 1000 Swiss francs, given a suspended ban of a month. relegated to last place in the stage they were tested, and penalised 10 minutes overall.



Clerc, Martinez advance to semi-finals

WASHINGTON (R) - Top seed Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentina cruised into the semi-finals of the S200,000 Washington D.C. Tennis Tournament on Sunday but 15th seed Mario Martinez of Bolivia had a tougher time beating Italy's Claudio Panatta.

Clerc, the 10th-ranked player in

Earlier, Panatta, the surprise of the tournament with previous wins over third-seed Brian Gottfried and 14th-seed Rodney Harmon, traded groundstrokes with Martinez, the world's 63rdranked player.

7-4 tie-breaker, but Panatta fought back with two service breaks to win the second. In the final set Martinez simply outslugged Panatta, to win 7-6 (7-4), 3-6, 6-2.

the world, disposed of Feru's Pablo Arraya, the tournament's

ninib-seed, 6-1, 6-3, in 2. coinutes. Clerc ptayed his usual outstanding game, mixing stinging groundstrokes with punishing vol-leys to eliminate 44th-ranked

Martinez won the first set with a

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fitst race over one mile since 1976 mpionships with a win under my when he suffered his third defeat belt." he added. and's Jacek Bierkowski, who sub-Wessinghage achieves elusive dream

to achieve the prize which seemed

destined always to elude him. Though considered one of the world's outstanding runners over the best part of a decade. Wessinghage did not have a gold, or even a silver medal to show for his efforts until the European Athletics Championships in Athens

last September. Most experts had already assigned the Athens 5,000 metres gold in advance to Britain's David Moorcroft, who two months earlier had lopped almost six seconds off the world record.

Wessinghage, while conceding he could never match such a time. put faith in his tactical ability and won the Athens final with an explosive burst 250 metres from the tape. leaving a dejected Moorcroft in third place.

12.78 seconds was personal best. but more important to the West German was the gleaming gold medal which went with it. The 31-year-old doctor from

His winning time of 13 minutes

Ingelheim near Mainz has had to contend with many disappointments in his long career. The only medal to his name until Athens was the bronze in the 1,500 metres in the 1974 Eur-

opean Championships in Rome. Perhaps his biggest frustration came in arguably his greatest race when he beat the existing world 1.500 metres record in three minutes 31.58 seconds at an international meeting in Koblenz. West Germany, in August 1980.

Unfortunately for him he fin-ished just behind Steve Ovett of Britain in that race and so missed his only chance of becoming a

world record holder. lt was small comfort that Ovett later thanked the West German orthopaedic surgeon for pushing

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BONN (R) - West German him to the new record and promiddle-distance runner Thomas nounced Wessinghage the only Wessinghage needed more than man capable of beating him. ove-10 years of top-level competition rlooking the obvious claims of comparriot Sebastian Coe.

At that time the well-groomed West German was concentrating on the 1,500 metres but later moved up more to 5,000 metres to escape the stifling competition from Ovett and Coe.

It must have felt like a classic escape from the frying pan into the fire, when Wessinghage watched Moorcroft demolish the world 5.000 metres record in Oslo.

It was the greatest run I have

ever witnessed." said a deeply impressed and doubtless worried Wessinghage, who had just been narrowly beaten by Ovett in the 2,000 metres. He and trainer Paul Schmidt later discussed possible changes in

the training schedule to beat the Moorcroft threat but decided. wisely as it turned out, to stick to the season's plan of conentrating on building up basic speed. Athens proved to be the final jus-Wessinghage shared the honour

Ulrike Meyfarth of being the only winners in Athens to have competed in the Munich Olympics 10 years earlier. Unlike Meyfarth, who leaped to

with West German high jumper

a gold medal at the tender age of 16. Wessinghage made little impression then, going out in the sec-ond round of heats.

Though he gained the European 1,500 metres bronze in Rome two years later and continually broke West German and some European records at various distances, he still found it hard to make his mark in the races whic

In the 1976 Montreal Olympics he was caught napping in the second-round heats and failed to qualify for the finals. Two years. later at the European Championships in Prague he came



Wessinghage... a decade to achieve gold.

fourth, just missing a medal. Moscow Olympics cost him yet

1981 European Cup in Zagreb where he could place only fifth shown this summer as Wesdespite starting as one of the fav- singhage has only just recovered "I just could not find the right hampered his spring training proform then." he said. "A few weeks gramme.

singhage, who speaks perfect Eng- but he has since said he feels he is lish, decided last autumn to escape quickly returning to his peak. the European winter and spend six months training in California.

ditions for next year's Olympics, West Germany's boycott of the and found himself a doctor's post. In previous years, he had spent another chance of success and fur- a month training in the United ther misfortune folllowed at the States each winter. The effects have not yet really

later I ran (West German) records In last month's West German over 3.000 and 5.000 metres -- Championships in Bremen he my training eventually paid off." came only second in the 1.500 With Helsinki in mind Wes- metres in a relatively slow 3:40,80

from a mysterious infection which

Wessinghage is expected to race in the 5,000 metres in Helsinki, He flew out to Los Angeles, giv- though he may enter the 1.500 ing himself an early look at con- metres as well.

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(عملة ا مسد الأحل

World Bank sees renewed growth for Third World

WASHINGTON (R) - Economic growth in most developing countries should pick up over the next decade, but the pace of the expansion will depend on the strength of recovery in industrial nations, the World Bank said Sunday.

In one of its most optimistic forecasts in recent years the bank forecast economic growth of 4.4 per cent a year in the developing world between 1982 and 1985, and 5.5 per cent a year between 1985

Between 1980 and 1982 the global recession reduced Third World economic expansion to 1.9 per cent a year, while growth in the

industrial world was only 0.4 per cent annually. The forecast, in the bank's 1983 world development report, assumed that industrial economies would grow by at least three per cent a year between 1982 and 1985 and 3.7 per cent a year between 1985.

It also assumed that both the Third World and the industrial nations would resist any further moves towards trade protectionism and that developing nations will make significant efforts to use their

Even in these circumstances, the outlook for some of the world's poorest countries remained sombre, the report said. It projected much weaker growth than the 5.5 per cent average for low-income countries in Asia and particularly Africa.

World Bank officials stressed that their projections did not necessarily represent the most likely outcome, but rather a middle-road scenario if certain policies were followed.

Faster growth in the industrial world could result in better prospects for developing countries, while slower growth and increased trade protectionism could make the outlook considerably more

The deep recession of the past two years and the accompanying sharp rises in interest rates had a severe impact on many developing countries, squeezing them between stagnating export earnings and soaring payments on their external debt.

The World Bank said the current debt problems for most of these countries were caused by cash-flow interruptions rather than actual insolvency and that global economic recovery, lower interest rates and internal adjustment programmes should greatly ease their difficulties.

Total developing country debt was estimated at \$700 billion, with 75 per cent of that figure owed to the United States. Bank officials said each one percentage point drop in U.S. interest

rates would cut total debt servicing costs for developing countries by nearly \$4 billion. The bank noted that international steps were being taken to ease the debt difficulties for middle-income borrowers.

It said too little was being done to assist the world's poorest countries, who depend primarily on official aid programmes from industrial nations.

The bank said the outlook for such official development aid was not encouraging because only a few industrial countries seem willing to raise their contributions and some, notably the United States, may actually reduce their assistance levels.

Bank officials stressed the need for continued flows of both private lending and official aid to the developing world.

They said industrial nations will have to channel funds at a rate at least as high as their own economic growth rates if developing countries are to regain economic momentum.

The bank report noted that recent declines in world oil prices had had mixed results for the developing countries, easing financial burdens on those who are oil importers but adding to problems for oil exporters who have overborrowed and are now hard-pressed for foreign exchange currency.

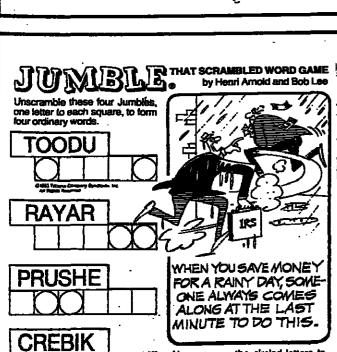
The report forecast average oil price rises of 1.6 per cent a year between 1982 and 1985 as a result of renewed and rapidly increasing

energy demand towards the end of the 1980s. Bank officials said this expected increase in oil prices underlines the urgency of adopting appropriate national energy more conservation efforts and domestic prices that reflect true costs for var-



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Overall Mideast investments in United States start to fall

NEW YORK (Mideast Report) - According to figures recently released by the Office of International Banking and Portfolio Investment at the U.S. Treasury Department in Washington, D.C., total cumulative Middle East oil exporters' investment in the U.S., from 1974 to the end of December 1982, aggregated \$78,728 million, up 13 per cent from the end of 1981 investment position of \$69.590 million.

Those investments stood at. \$71.316 million at the end of May

The majority of this Middle East oil exporters' investment in the U.S. at the end of 1982 was placed in U.S. government securities -- some 59 per cent of total investment for this group, to be

Middle East oil producers held a total of \$46,463 million in these government securities at the end of 1982, as compared with \$38,993 million at the close of

Of the \$46,463 million invested by Middle East oil producing countries in U.S. government securities at the end of 1982, \$33,316 million or 72 per cent was held in the form of U.S. treasury bonds

This compares with cumulative \$25,782 million in U.S. treasury bonds and notes in 1981. Further, \$7,070 million was

invested in the form of U.S. treasury bills and certificates in 1982. as compared with \$7,006 million in 1981, while \$6,078 million was placed in U.S. federal agency issues last year vs. \$6,205 million at the close of 1981. The Middle East oil exporters

were net sellers of U.S. corporate bonds in 1982 for the first time since 1974, with their cumulative position in this facility dropping over 10 per cent from \$6,496 million at the end of 1981 to \$5,802 million at the close of 1982.

Interest in U.S. corporate stocks wane-

corporate stocks also waned over shifts to other investment vehicles, iod as opposed to net sales of \$127 last year with new purchases of only \$368 million, the lowest level since 1974.

Middle East oil cumulative investment in U.S. corporate stocks stood at \$9.417 million at the end of 1982 as compared with \$9,049 million in 1981.

Middle East petrodollar cumulative holdings in U.S. com-mercial bank liabilities improved in 1982 to \$6,431 million last year from \$6,189 million in 1981.

Those holdings had dropped by \$2.367 million between 1980 and 1981.

Of the \$6.431 million in U.S. bank liabilities held by Middle East investors at the end of 1982. \$705 million were in the form of demand deposits, \$1,505 million in time deposits and \$4,221 miltion in other bank instruments, including negotiable time certificates of deposit.

This compares with the end of 1981 cumulative position in demand deposits of \$1.028 million. time deposits \$650 million, and other bank liabilities \$4,511 mil-

The 1980 figures for these holdings were demand deposits \$2,290 million, time deposits \$696 million, and other bank liabilities \$5.571 million.

Less deposits reported in U.S. banks

In addition, according to figures recently released by the U.S. Federal Reserve Bank (Fed). Middle East oil exporting countries have continued to make less deposits in major foreign branches of U.S. banks in the first quarter of this

As of March 31, the Fed put Middle East petrodollar holdings in foreign branches of U.S. banks at \$13.23 billion, down 15 per cent from \$15.5 billion at the close of last year.

In the first three quarters of 1982, deposits averaged some \$17.6 billion.

particularly securities, and some movement of deposits from foreign offices to domestic headquarters and government age-

Cumulative nonbank liabilities of Middle East oil producing countries stood at \$1.608 million at the end of 1982, while holdings in U.S. government liabilities were estimated at \$4,625 million at the close of last year, according to treasury statistics.

That compares to \$984 million for nonbank liabilities and \$4,443 million for U.S. government liabilities at the end of 1981.

Direct investment in U.S. falls

The U.S. Treasury Department put Middle East oil exporters' direct investment in the U.S. at \$936 million for the year 1982, down from \$2,850 million in 1981 which includes the \$2.5 billion purchase of Santa Fe International by the Kuwait Petroleum Corp. (KPC) in October 1981.

The cumulative figure for Middle East direct investment in the U.S. at the close of last year was cited by the Treasury Department at \$4,382 million vs. \$3,446 million in 1981.

Further, preliminary figures for Middle East purchases of U.S. treasury bonds and notes for the January-March period of 1983 show net sales of \$802 million for the three-month period.

It is the first instance of Middle East net selling of these instruments since 1979 when the oil producers of that region made net liquidations of \$1.014 million.

The cumulative figure for Middle East oil producers' holdings in U.S. treasury bonds and notes was \$32.514 million at the end of March 1983 as compared with \$33.316 million at the close of 1982. Middle East purchases of totalled \$112 million in the first three months of this year as compared to \$64 million for all of 1982, while their holdings in U.S. The withdrawals are said to be federal agency issues was aug- their short-term and liquid nature mented by \$78 million in this per- as well as their added security.

As a result, the cumulative position of Middle East oil exporters' holdings in U.S. government securities at the end of March 1983 fell to \$45.851 million, down from 546,463 million at the close of

Interest in bonds, stocks decline in '83

Interest in both U.S. corporate bonds and corporate stocks has declined in the first three months of this year with \$170 million and \$127 million respectively in net sales of these issues.

The Middle East cumulative investment position in U.S. corporate bonds fell to \$5,632 million at the end of this March from \$5,802 million at the end of last year, while the level of holdings in U.S. corporate stocks slumped to \$9,290 million in the first quarter of this year from \$9,417 million at the end of 1982.

Middle East bank liabilities also dropped in the first three months of 1983 with cumulative holdings sliding from \$6,431 million in 1982 to \$6,004 million in January-March 1982.

From end of December 1982 to end of March 1983, Middle Eastern cumulative holdings in demand deposits declined from \$705 million to \$662 million while time deposits fell by a minimal \$9 million to \$1,496 million.

Other Mideast commercial bank liabilities dropped \$375 million from \$4,221 million at the end of 1982 to \$3,846 million at the end of last March.

In summary, Middle East oil exporters interest in all U.S. financial instruments appears to be flagging due to the pressure of diminished oil revenues, with the U.S. treasury bills and certificates exception of U.S. treasury bills and certificates and U.S. federal agency issues, both of which have seen increased attentions in the first quarter of this year because of FORECAST FOR MONDAY, JULY 25, 1983

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Today is a very interesting day for it is one of those times when you will be able to start the week right by looking into all sorts of new and modern methods. Think dramatically.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Contact individuals who are progressive and operating on a more advanced platform and find out how you can make headway.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Become more cognizant of the new technological trend and you find that success

will come easier in the future. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Study newspaper and brochures well so that you gain knowledge concerning

how to become more progressive. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Study into new business methods so that they can brighten up your

future considerably, if you start using them. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Good day to confer with successful persons in the modern world and to find out what

their methods are, so you can emulate them. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Use new mechanisms so that you can keep promises you have made to others more

easily. Co-workers will co-operate. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Follow through on amusements suggested to you by your good friends and

have a good time. Drive carefully. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Study your home and figure out how to make it more charming and comfortable

and increase harmony there. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study those

periodicals at hand and get ideas and suggestions for improving your mode of life. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Study some property which has recently been renovated or built and get good

ideas for improving your own. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) You know the answer to certain problems that are bothering you, so get busy

and solve them now. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) You get a sudden inspiration that should be put in motion so that you can increase

your abundance more easily. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be unpredictable and this is the very quality that will bring the greatest amount of success during the lifetime. peculiarly enough.Don't forever try to correct your progeny, but be sure you plan now for a good education.

'The Stars impel, they do not compel.' What you make of your life is largely up to you!

India intensifies undersea search

NEW DELHI (R) - India is int- large deposits of monozite, from kilogramme per square metre. million, West German-built oce-

of its kind in the world, to add to its four other exploration craft. A year ago India launched a major plan to undersea mineral wealth after it discovered a carpet of metal-bearing nodules on the

Indian Ocean bed. Mineral surveys of India's west coast have been completed and the eastern shoreline is now being mapped. The findings have not been disclosed but officials said

search for ore-bearing rocks lying gives it exclusive mining rights anographic vessel, one of only 10 beneath the central Indian Ocean, Indian coast, 10 degrees south of Ocean. the equator.

about one million square kilometres was found covered with manganese and iron nodules which also contain nickel, copper- having spent at least \$30 million in and cobalt, he said.

They were found at a depth of over three kilometres in concentrations varying from five to 20

ensifying its search for mineral which isotopes are produced, have lndia's deep-sea probes have two large sites in the central Indiches on the Indian Ocean bed. been discovered on both coasts. won the country international sta-Last month it acquired a \$40 Much more ambitious is the tus as a "pioneer investor" which for registering the sites in India's

> over an area of up to 150,000 squabout 2,200 kilometres from the are kilimetres in the Indian Other pioneer investors are Of the ocean-floor studied, France, Japan, the Soviet Union and four multi-national consortia

recognised under the United Nations Law of the Sea convention for research and exploration.

Ocean development secretary Mr. Rahoor Qasim said India had notified the preparatory commission of the seabed authority of name would be made soon.

If there were no overlapping claims. India expected to get the go ahead to exploit one site. The other would be kept in reserve.

Mr. Qasim said commercial mining was unlikely to start before 1990 because of the high cost and risk involved though preparatory work connected with mining the nodules would be accelerated once the commission allocated the

BOY, AM

THE Daily Crossword by Martha J. DeWitt

ACROSS 49 Wedding 18 German mettle, a 1 Ride the good boy 50 Place for 22 Tic- -- toe WAVes light re-25 in a box Waldorf team of 26 Martini 35 Nonaspirate 53 Certain horses 36 Have a Osprey 14 Having chair 56 Jason's 37 Sawyer or 29 Affects wings

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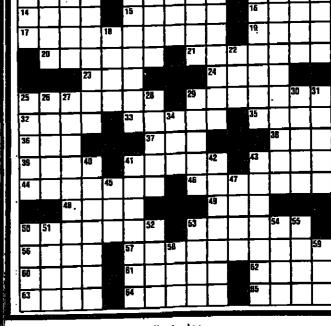
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50 Marble shooters

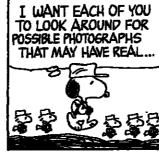
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1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Peanuts









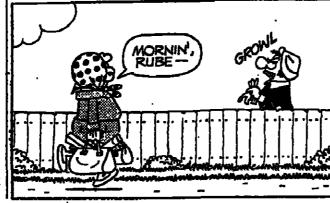








Andy Capp







WORLD

Lack of funds further delays Salvador polls

SAN SALVADOR (R) — Political indecision and technical difficulties are endangering and delaying El Salvador's plan for early national elections and the United States is partly to blame, Salvadorean officials said.

hington promised \$6.2 million and what does matter is that the elea computer to speed up compilation of an electoral register. The cash has since been cut to \$3.4 million and is not expected to arrive until early next month.

"If we had had the money as planned in March, we could have held elections next month," an elections council spokesman said.

A leading member of the centrist Democratic Action Party and a deputy in the constituent assembly. Nelson Segovia. warned that though the time for elections was running out, the assembly has not adopted a constitution or an electoral law.

No date has been set for ele-. ctions and no decision made on the type of poll to hold -- presidential, municipal, assembly or a combination of these.

Two of the assembly's six parties, the moderate Christian Democrats and the rightwing National Republican Alliance (ARENA), favour elections this

U.S. officials here said Was- elections in 1983 or 1984. But ctions are conducted with an instrument guaranteeing their credibility," Mr. Segovia said. "That instrument is an electoral reg-

> Members of the Central Elections Council (CCE), a state agency in charge of registering voters. said elections this year with a register would be impossible.

Its members hold that the citizens identification card used in past elections is unreliable and have discovered 60,000 duplicate

El Salvador originally planned national elections for March next year. Government officials here say Washington pressed for an

earlier date. In Flebruary, President Reagan sent Central American special envoy Richard Stone here to urge this, evidently to dramatise the government's commitment to democracy and reconciliation in

this civil war-torn nation. The elections council spo-"The rest of the parties said it kesman said: "We told Stone that did not matter whether we held elections this year were impossible

because we did not have money to create a registry. He said, 'no problem. I'll have the money for you in a week.' That was five months ago. We have yet to see anything." Pushing to hold elections in the

next five months would virtually exclude leftist participation, he "How is it possible, if they want to invite the left to participate in

More military advisers

enough time?

elections, that they don't allow

NEW YORK (R) - The Pentagon has asked President Reagan to more than double the number of American military advisers in El Salvador to 125 next year, the New York Times said Sunday.

It quoted senior administration officials as saying the Defence Department asked that the advisers be allowed to accompany Salvadorean forces into the field, although they still would be forbidden to engage in combat against left-wing insurgents.

Some aides have warned that if Mr. Reagan raised the present limit of advisers from 55, a hostile Congress might impose a legal cei-

The Defence Department told Mr. Reagan that the increase is essential to help improve the field performance of the Salvadorean



FOR SALE: A guard stands inside the shell of the Air Canada DC-9 jet in which 23 people died last month at the Greater Cincinnati airport. Salvage

crews began pulling apart the remains of the plane last week. Air-Ground Equipment Sales hopes to sell \$1 million worth of parts from the aircraft.

S. Africa unable to define baby's race

JOHANNESBURG (R) - South Africa's leading opposition politician said his party would raise in parliament the plight of a tiny abandoned baby whose race the

government cannot decide. The month-old girl must be given a racial category under the country's policy of apartheid separation of the races based on white supremacy but because her parents cannot be traced, experts

are unsure what colour she is. Progressive Federal Party (PFP) leader Frederik Van Zyl Slabbert told Reuters Sunday: Nothing illustrates the absurdity of trying to keep a human stud book more poignantly than the story of this little baby."

Mr. Slabbert, speaking from Cape Town, said his party would take up the baby's case when the current parliamentary recess was

was turned down by the country's

highest court Saturday, will file for

His counsel, Jagjit Singh, said

Sunday he would appeal to the

pardons board - headed by the

Malaysian king -- within rea-

Only a royal pardon can save

Datuk Mokhtar, 42, from the gal-

He was found guilty of killing a

political rival shortly before gen-

But the federal court Saturday

allowed an appeal by village hea-

dman Rahmat Satiman, 54, jointly

charged with Datuk Mokhtar for

murder, and dismissed all charges

Datuk Mokhtar, a former cul-

ture, youth and sports minister

until his conviction in March by

the high court here, is still a Mem-

ber of Parliament in the Tampin

constituency of the southern state

Malaysia's speaker of Par-

eral elections last April.

a royal pardon.

sonable time.

against him.

of Negri Sembilan.

over. The PFP, the official opposition party. is committed to ending apartheid.

after a sister at a white hospital where she is being cared for, was found two weeks ago in a paper bag in a street in Pretoria, the South African capital.

Until her race is decided, she cannot be adopted or go into foster care, social workers say. Lize, who was photographed at

the hospital Saturday by local newspapers, does not have the features that would classify her as black under South African law.

The baby, who weighs about three kilos, could be either white or coloured (mixed race) and no scientific technique exists to decide for sure which is correct.

The dilemma over the baby has

revived memories in the whiteruled republic of the early days of apartheid, introduced after the national party took power in The baby, named Lize Venter

> Reclassaffication of people into different racial groups destroyed careers, ended romances and humiliated hundreds. South African law prohibits sexual relations between people of different racial

> The government when faced with a similar problem to Lize's in the early 1970s, said classification could be left until firm evidence of race was available.

For lize, the decision will affect every aspect of her life, the social workers said. The quality of her education, area of residence and job prospects all hang on her col-

The disaster matched the prefecture's worst rain storm since World War II when 112 were killed or missing in 1964. The downpour up to 550 mm

triggered 155 landslides as well as flooding in four prefectures in western areas of the main island of Honshu, police told Reuters. They said more than 25,000

Rains wreck

parts of Japan

TOKYO (R) - Nearly 120 people were feared dead Sunday as

rescue workers battled through the wreckage of mudcovered homes destroyed by torrential

Police said 48 people had been

A fireman was reported dead or

missing as defence force personnel

joined police and firemen to force

a way through to victims trapped

Japan sea coast was hardest hit in

the rainstorm in the past two days.

with 44 people dead and 68 others

Shimane prefecture on the

by landslides, they said.

still missing, police added.

killed with 69 others still missing

rains.

in western Japan.

people were affected by the disaster and 524 houses destroyed or washed away, with 12.000 more homes engulfed by flood water and mud.

The meteorological agency said no further downpour was expected in the area.

A government team left for the disaster area to make an inspection by helicopter. Roads have been cut at 104 places and railway services paralysed, officials said.

Flood threat eases in China as heatwave grips Peking

PEKING (R) - Heavy rains swelling seven of China's major rivers were forecast to ease Sunday as officials told people in the heatwave-hit Peking area to use less water.

China's leaders issued a nationwide flood alert Saturday for areas ranging from Heilongjiang in the north to Guangdong in the south. The alert followed severe flooding along the Yangtze River

which killed at least 100 people. Newspapers made no mention of the situation along the seven rivers but the central meteorological office forecast light rain and breezes in the affected areas Sunday.

By contrast, the north China plain around Peking was still sweitering and weathermen said no relief was in sight.

The Peking Daily said factories had been told to cut water consumption by up to 50 per cent. While the New China News Agency (NCNA) said temperatures above 37 degrees (about 100 Fahrenheit) had been recorded in Peking and several other cities in the area.

· It said some government departments had cut their work day to six hours because of the heat. Older employees were working only a half-day.

But for many other areas, torrential rain has posed a major flood threat for three weeks.

All seven provinces on the Yangtze were seriously affected with millions of people called out to fight floods and shore up dykes.

The NCNA said train services had resumed on the important line from Chengdu to Chongqing in southwestern Sichuan Province. It had been cut by landslides caused by heavy rain earlier this month.

BAGUIO, Philippines (R) — Hotel owners in the northern Philippines are looking for a faith healer to replace one who used to attract thousands of tourists before

Richie Benavides told reporters fewer visitors had come to the mountain resort of Baguio about 250 kilometres north of Manila since the death of Antonio Agpaoa, whose healing sessions there were the main tourist attraction.

Agpaoa, who earned international renown as a faith heaier, ran a luxury spiritual cure centre and resort before he died in hospital from a cerebral hae-

The hotel association said about 71,000 foreigners attended healing sessions conducted by Agpaoa and other faith healers from 1960 to 1981, accounting for about 70 per cent of tourists. But

BRIEF

Youths on rampage in New York.

EW YORK (R) - Eighty-four people were arrested after gangs of youths rampaged through city centre streets Saturday night following a free concert in New York's Central Park by singer Diana Ross, police said. Eyewitnesses said hundreds of wouths rampaged through the city centre robbing concert-guers and passers-by following the concert. which was watched by some 350,000 people. One mugger who stabbed a youth was shot and wounded by a detective, police said. A police spokesman said 35 people were arrested for robbery. 28 for possession of drugs, six for assault and 15 on other charges. Forty-three people were injured in the muggings, two of them stabbed, according to press reports.

China selects nuclear plant site

PEKING (R) - China has selected a site for its biggest planned nuclear power station and construction work should start soon. Guangdong provincial radio said. The radio said a board of experts had selected a site just east of Dakengeun on Dava Bay, near the southern city of Shenzhen. The huge project, estimated at about \$5 billion to build, was likely to involve large contracts for British and French technology and to provide part of its power to Hong

Hungary backs Soviet warning

MOSCOW (R) - Hungary Saturday gave its backing to a Soviet threat to retaliate against the dep-loyment of U.S. medium-range missiles in Western Europe. A joint communique issued at the end of a visit to the Soviet Union by Hungarian leader Janos Kadar declared the new weapons would pose an additional threat to the rity of the communis Pact alliance which would require a response. "They (the Warsaw Pact states) will take effective counter-measures and will under no circumstances permit a military superiority over themselves," it

Hepatitis 'b' vaccine developed

THE HAGUE (R) - An effective and safe vaccine against the infectious hepatitis "b" virus which causes liver cancer has been developed, Prof. Ken Murray of Edinburgh University said here. Prof. Murray said development of the vaccine was carried out by the U.S. biotechnology biogem concern of Cambridge, Massachussetts and the Netherlands Organisation for Applied Scientific Research (TNO). Murray. who led the research team, said the development was of great importance because the number of carriers of the hepatitis "b" virus throughout the world was estimated at 200 million.

Indonesian volcano destroys island

JAKARTA (R) — Indonesia's

Mount Colo volcano on the tropical island of Una-Una is likely to have incinerated most of the island's animal and plant life after erupting violently for the third time in a week, the official news agency Antara said Sunday. The island's 7.000 people had all been safely evacuated to nearby Sulawesi in northeastern Indonesia and there were no reports of casualties. But Antara quoted a local government spokesman as saving much of the plant and animal life on Una-Una, including more than 700,000 coconut trees, must by now have been burned by superheated smoke and steam. Scientists monitoring Mount Colo. which until last week had been dormant since 1898, have been forced to withdraw to a boat moored offshore.

Indonesia raps Amnesty International

JAKARTA (R) - The head of Indonesia's intelligence coordinating agency, Yoga Sugama, has criticised Amnesty International as a trouble maker and said the London based human after Agpaoa died the proportion | rights group had singled out indonesia aithough there were human rights abuses the world over.

Britain's opposition Labour Party wrecks 'dream ticket'

LONDON (R) - A fresh row in Britain's feud-ridden opposition Labour Party has wrecked the chances of a new leadership emerging to unite the party's left and right wings, newspapers said Sun-

The present leader, left-winger Michael Foot, steps down in October and moderate party members had hoped the two frontrunners in the race to succeed him. Neil Kinnock on the left and Roy mattersies on the right, wi team up after the contest, with the loser becoming deputy leader.

The projected alliance, dubbed the "dream ticket", was seen as a way of healing the divisions which helped to bring the party to one of the worst defeats in its history in

BY CHARLES GOREN

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Q .- You probably know that

California is the land of

strange religions and cults. It

also seems to be the center of

weird bidding ideas in

bridge. The latest is a system

whereby the first bids of

both opener and responder

have nothing to do with the

suits they hold. Instead, each

shows his point count to

determine to what level it is

safe to bid. Once that is

established, the partners search for the best spot at or

below the pre-determined

level. Those who use this

method seem to be doing

fairly well, but I would like

your opinion. - C. Baker, San

(This question has been

awarded the weekly prize.)

A .- This is one thing that

California cannot claim for

itself. Over the years, I have

seen many variations of this

idea, but none has lasted. In

my opinion, there are many

good reasons why these

Point count is all well and

good as a guide to where you

want to go. But to have a

playable spot at that level

presupposes that you have a

fit. All too often, that sup-

For example, suppose that

one hand has 17 points and

the other 10. There is no

doubt that game is within

your grasp—if you have a fit.

If you don't, it may be wise to

get out of the auction before

the doubling starts. Using

the methods you describe.

you probably have to open

one heart or one spade, and

partner's response gets you

to the two-level before you.

have even begun to show

your suits. By the time you

discover that you have no fit.

Another drawback is that

the nature of the system

makes it difficult to handle

you are probably too high!

position proves to be false.

methods don't survive.

Francisco, Calif.

last month's general election. But Mr. Hattersley clashed with

Mr. Foot at a meeting on Thursday and the British press said Sunday the ensuing storm had dashed the hopes of an alliance. "Labour loses dream ticket".

said the Observer. "Labour's squabbles put 'dream ticket'in danger", was the view of the Sunday Times, while the Sunday Telegraph said in an editorial that the prospect had sunk without trace.

At the private meeting of Lab

ounts said.

preemptive bids at a high

level. Assume that opener

bids one club, to show a hand

of some 13 points, and the

next hand overcalls with

three spades. Responder

could be sitting with a

12-point hand and not know

what to do. In theory, the

hand belongs to his side, but

he must take action at the

four-level when he does not

know what type of hand

opener has (balanced or un-

balanced) or what partner's

long suit is. And to double in

the dark for penalties purely

on the strength of point

I feel that most players

would do better if they forgot

about exotic methods and

concentrated on mastering

fundamentals. I know all the

arguments about artificial

club systems laboring from

the same disadvantages as

the methods you describe,

but few will deny their ef-

ficacy. However, one club

systems use just one ar-

tificial opening bid, and that

on relatively strong hands

only. And they have a com-

plete structure for handling

subsequent developments.

But such systems are too in-

tricate and involve too much

memory work for the

average player to bother

Q.-If you had to choose to

play only one convention.

with everything else natural,

which one would you select?

-R. Williams, Atlanta, Ga.

A .- I think that most top

players would say that they

can't do without some sort of

signaling method in the play

of the cards. I would hazard a

guess that most of them

would choose attitude

signals. The one bidding con-

vention I think is essential is

some form of forcing opening

bid. Without that there

would be no way to describe

accurately the strength of a

count courts disaster.

GOREN BRIDGE

House of Commons wagging a finger at Mr. Hattersley and saying: "Don't you ever talk to me like that again."

Labour politicians told reporters the argument started during a discussion on widening the franchise for the leadership election in October.

Also running for leader are left-winger Eric Heffer, 61, and Peter Shore, 59, who is on the centre-left of the party.

Mr. Kinnock, 41, is regarded as our politicians on Thursday Hat- the favourite and has Mr. Foot's tersley, 50, angered Foot by cri- backing. Mr. Hattersley's supticising his leadership, press acc-porters now privately admit that their candidate could lose even the Mr. Foot. 70 Saturday and party deputy leadership to hardline leader since October 1980, eme- left-wing challenger Michael rged from the meeting at the Meacher.

Soviet doctors say drunkards should pay for medical treatment

MOSCOW (R) — Drunkards are a drain on the Soviet Union's free. medical system and should pay for treatment, two physicians said: Sunday in an article which Western diplomats said indicated growing official concern over alcoholism.

Doctors V. Kostyuk and V. Afanasyev wrote in the trade union daily newspaper Trud that it costs thousands of roubles to treat 'green snake" (vodka) victims, adding experimental payment schemes for alcoholics had begun in some areas.

The two doctors, of Kemerov, western Siberia, said: "There should be legislation so that all kinds of medical expenses are met by the individual if he has suffered under the effects of alcohol."

The Soviet daily press rarely touches on alcoholism, preferring to discuss it in specialised sociological journals.

Alcoholism is known as a serious problem in the Soviet Union and as the prime cause of death among males. It also has been named as the main reason for the rocketing divorce rate. The Siberian doctors said that at

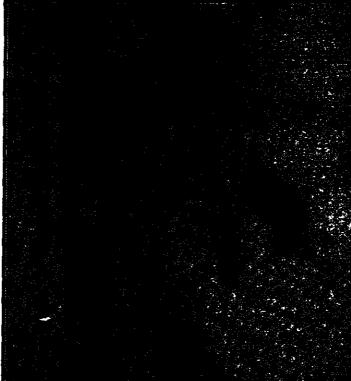
their hospital alone 1,460 people under the influence of alcohol hadbeen treated last year at a cost of 150,000 roubles (\$202,000 at the official exchange rate). Twenty to 25 vodka victims

were brought to the hospital every day, stretching the ambulance and hospital service at the expense of the ordinary working person.

The doctors' article appeared without comment from Trud, indicating it had the paper's approval. Soviet revellers who are picked

up by the militia and taken to special sobering-up stations have to pay for their overnight accommodation, but those admitted to hospital are treated free.

Ex-minister hopes for royal pardon KUALA LUMPUR (R) - Former Malaysian cabinet Minister Datuk Mokhtar Hashim, whose appeal against the death sentence



Ex-Malaysian cabinet Minister Datuk Mokhtar being led out of the

reading his 44-paged judgement in English Saturday, Datuk Mokhtar, who had sat grim-faced throughout, hugged his wife and

itical antagonism.

Taha Talib, assembly speaker in the former minister's state of Negri Sembilan, because of pol-

ginal statement to the police had been made under pressure, and

In March the trial judge had

and Muslims, is on the increase in India, according to an official

1978 and 1982. The number of deaths rose from

under review was 1980 when 427 incidents and 375 deaths were recorded. The report said the upward trend had continued in the first

These figures do not include 3.000 people who died in violence which flared during elections in February in the northeast Indian state of Assam.

Those clashes pitted indigenous

NEW DELHI (R) - Communal speaking migrants who had entviolence, mostly between Hindus ered the state over several decades from former East Pakistan, now Bangladesh.

India, with a population of some 700 million, is predominantly Hindu but also has about 70 million Muslims, 20 million Christians and 12 million Sikhs. Hindu-Muslim tension has been

a recurring problem since tens of thousands of people were killed in savage clashes during the partition of the sub-continent in 1947. Home ministry sources said

many of the communal clashes detailed in the report were sparked by disputes about routes of religious processions, locations of places of worship, fencing of graveyards, playing of music at relicious places and offences against women.

The sources said the govemment had taken measures to try to limit such clashes by including greater minority representation in the police force, setting up peace committees in sensitive areas and use of special courts to deal quickly with cases arising from communal incidents. Constable on rampage

the 54-year old headman had no

NEW DELHI (R) - A police constable went beserk at a temple in central India, shooting dead 13 people and wounding 10 others. before he was killed by a police patrol, officials said Sunday. The constable went on the ram-

hupatinath temple in Mandsaur, about 600 kilometres south of Delhi. Police said he ran about firing shots blindly from his rifle. Among the victims were the tem-

page Saturday night at Pas-

iceman and a 13-year-old girl. He was later shot dead by a police squad. A police spokesman said the constable appeared to have gone mad.

ple's head priest, another pol-

The Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency said extra police had been sent to the town to keep the peace and a magisterial inquiry had been ordered into the incident.

Hotels need faith healer

he died two years ago, the hotel owners association said Sunday. Hotel association secretary

morrhage.

seeking faith cures dropped to about 30 per cent.

liament, Datuk Mohamad Zahir Ismael, said the conviction did not Federal Court Saturday. (A.P. wirephoto) automatically disqualify Datuk Mokhtar as a member. Justice Eusoffee said the pro- said Datuk Mokhtar was disappointed when Datuk Taha, a He said a motion had to be intsecution had proved beyond roduced to the lower house for a doubt the murder weapon belfellow member of the country's decision to be made. The next sesonged to Datuk Mokhtar and was main political party -- the United sion of parliament is due to begin in his possession at the time of the Malays National Organisation (UNMO) -- was named speaker After federal court judge Eus-He said Datuk Mokhtar had instead of his own candidate. offee Abdoolcader had finished plotted to shoot Datuk Mohamad In dismissing charges against Rahmat, the judge said his ori-

Communal violence reportedly surging up in India once again

The report published by the Indian home (interior) ministry showed 1,170 people were killed in communal clashes between

110 in 1978 to 238 in 1982, The. worst year in the five-year period

four months of 1983 with 160 incidents involving 50 deaths.

Assamese vs. Bengalis

Assamese against Bengali-